

XVH Series **Excess Flow Valves**



XVH Series Excess Flow Valves act as flow switches that automatically close when a flow spike occurs, preventing uncontrolled release of system fluid. The XVH Series is available in automatic and manual reset versions, depending on system requirements. Automatic reset XVH Series have an "anti-clog" wire which increases reliability by preventing a build up of system fluid in the bleed port. The XVH Series are high pressure (0 to 6000 psig [414 bar]), high performance, quick acting, zero leakage, low maintenance excess flow valves that will help provide Various end connections a reliable and safe working environment.

- Lower cost
- Versatile
- Reliable
- Safety
- Flexible

Features

Automatic reset

- The bleed vent allows the valve to automatically reset Manual reset
- Zero leakage: the valve must be manually reset 2-piece design
- Allows for simple spring and seal maintenance O-ring or metal seat

· Can be used with any liquid or gas service Various body materials

- Can be used with any liquid or gas service
- Can be assembled in any system or application Spring-loaded poppet
- Can be mounted in any orientation Anti-clog wire
- Prevents clogging of bleed port
- Special High Tolerance NPT Thread

Technical Data

Body Material*	316 stainless steel, brass, Monel®, Hastelloy® C-276		
Temperature Range	-320° to +900° F (-196° to +482° C)		
Operating Pressure	Zero to 6000 psig (414 bar)		
Leakage Rate	• External: zero leak		
	 Internal soft seat: zero leak 		
Flow/Trip Point Ranges	Low, standard/low, medium, and high		

* Consult factory for other materials

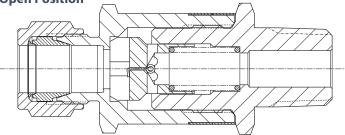
HOKE Incorporated

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Function

Excess Flow Valves are designed to limit flow of fluid to a predetermined rate. When flow reaches a predetermined rate the poppet will close, limiting or stopping flow. When pressure is equalized across the valve, the poppet will reset to the open position.

Open Position

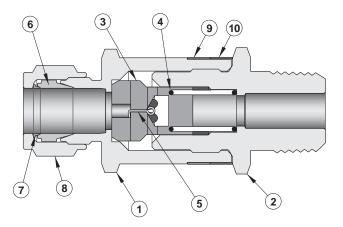


The spring holds the poppet in the open position during normal flow. When flow increases to the predetermined rate or trip point, the poppet will close.

Manual Reset

The poppet will remain in the tripped position with zero leakage and zero flow until pressure is manually equalized across the poppet. When the pressure becomes equal, the spring will then reset the poppet to the open position, allowing normal flow.

Materials of Construction



Tripped Position	

Automatic Reset

The poppet will remain in the tripped position until system pressure becomes equal across the poppet. The bleed orifice in the poppet will allow the pressure to slowly equalize across the valve if the downstream line is closed or repaired. When the pressure becomes equal, the spring will then reset the poppet to the open position, allowing normal flow.

1 Body 2 End ada	* (outlot)	
2 Endada	(outiet)	316 stainless steel
z Liiu aua	pter* (inlet)	316 stainless steel
3 Po	ppet*	316 stainless steel
4 Sp	oring*	302 stainless steel or Inconel ^{®**}
5 Anti-c	log wire*	302 stainless steel
6 Front	ferrule*	316 stainless steel
7 Rear	ferrule	316 stainless steel
8	Nut	316 stainless steel
9 O-rir	ng band	Anodized aluminum
10 Part nu	mber band	Anodized aluminum

* Wetted component

** Inconel® springs installed with (-25) Chemraz®, (-65) Kalrez®, and (-00) seals

Operating Temperatures

Soft Seal, Manual Reset Valve

			Temperature		
O-ring Code	0-ring Material	Color	°F	°C	
-25	Chemraz®	Olive	-20° to +425°	-29° to +218°	
-32	Viton®	Blue	-20° to +400°	–29° to +204°	
-53	Neoprene	Red	-40° to +250°	-40° to +121°	
-62	Ethylene propylene	Purple	-65° to +300°	-54° to +149°	
-64	Fluorosilicone	Black	-80° to +350°	-62° to +177°	
-65	Kalrez®	Olive	-40° to +550°	-40° to +288°	
-77	Buna N	Green	-65° to +275°	-54° to +135°	

Metal Seal, Automatic Reset Valve

			Temperature		
0-ring Code	0-ring Material	Color	°F	°C	
-00	—	Gold	-320° to +900°	-196° to +482°	

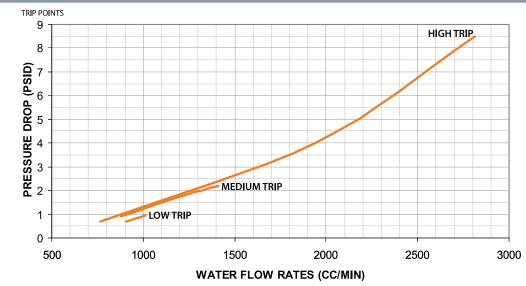


Trip Points/Ranges

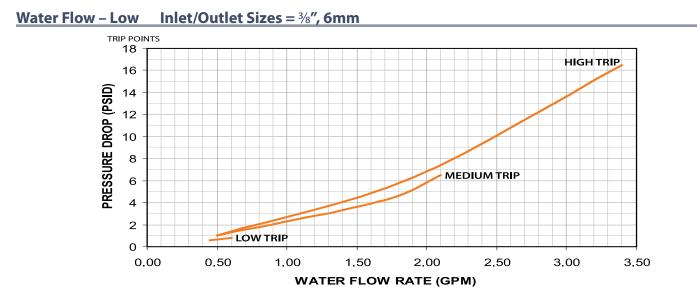
XVH valves operate properly when they allow normal system flow and then close/trip at the increased flow rate. XVH series have 3 sizes of valves and 6 trip points/ranges per size. A valve is specified correctly when the trip point or trip range selected accommodates the application. The graphs below are flow curves that show trip points for liquids and trip ranges for gases. Liquid flow curves show specific flow rate trip points at specific pressure differentials. Gas flow curves show flow rate trip ranges at specific inlet pressures. Due to the compressive nature of gases, a minimum of 100 psid is required for gas applications.

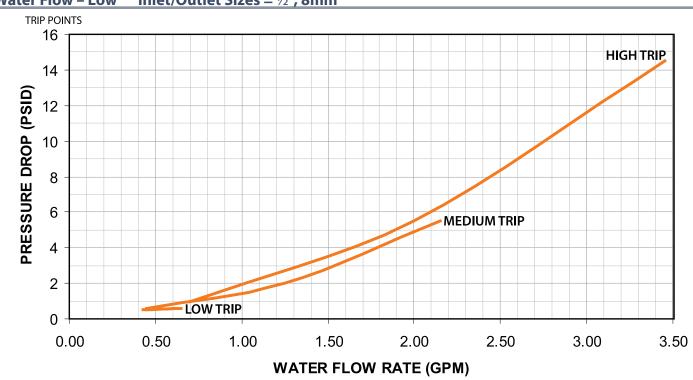
Water Flow Rates: Low

Using the graphs below, look up your desired normal flow rate (including normal surges) on the X axis. Read vertically on the graph to the Cv line and then left on the graph from the Cv line to the pressure drop. Then select a valve and trip range higher than normal expected flow. For example: With a normal flow rate of 1010 cc/minute, a ¹/₄ valve (XVH-4) will have a pressure drop of approximately 1 psi. Selecting a ¹/₄ valve with a medium trip option, the valve will close when the flow reaches 1.5 GPM and a pressure drop of approximately 2.2 psi.



Water Flow – Low Inlet/Outlet Size = $\frac{1}{4''}$



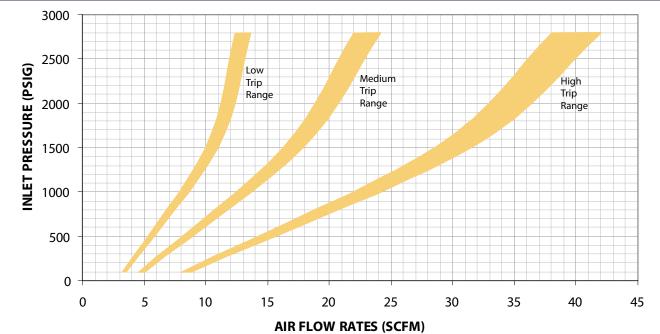


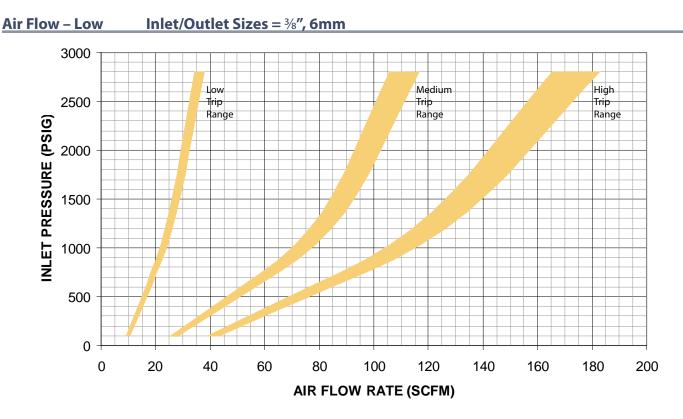
Water Flow – Low Inlet/Outlet Sizes = $\frac{1}{2}$, 8mm

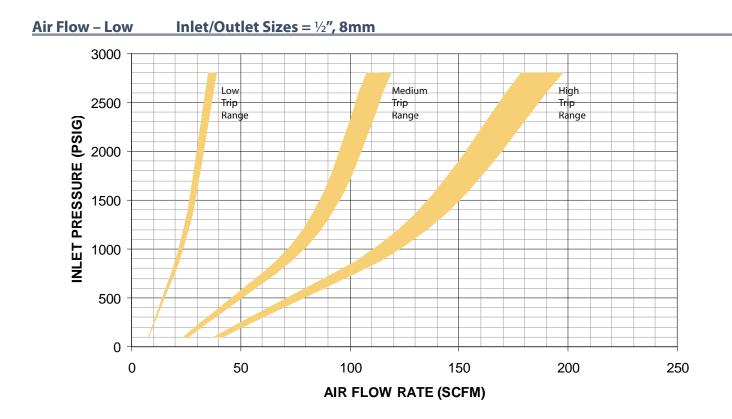
Air Flow Rates – Low

Using the graphs below, find the intersection of your normal flow rate (including normal surges) and the inlet pressure of the excess flow valve. From there, move to the right on the graph and select a valve with a trip range greater than your normal flow. For example: reading the chart below, if normal flow is 8 scfm and the inlet pressure is 400 psig, you would select a ¹/₄ valve with a high trip range.

Air Flow – Low Inlet/Outlet Size = 1/4"



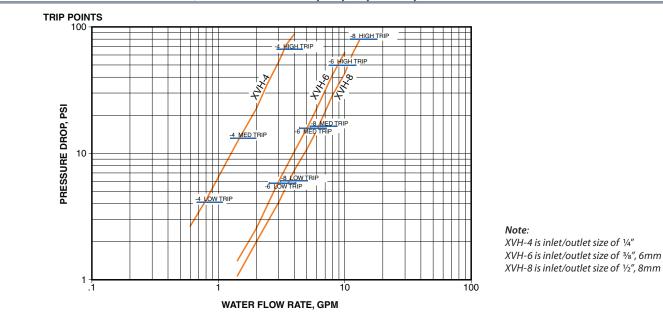




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Water Flow Rates: Standard

Using the graph below, look up your desired normal flow rate (including normal surges) on the X axis. Read vertically on the graph to the Cv line and then left on the graph from the Cv line to the pressure drop. Then select a valve and trip range higher than normal expected flow. For example: With a normal flow rate of 1 GPM, a ¹/₄ valve (XVH-4) will have a pressure drop of approximately 6.5 psi. Selecting a ¹/₄ valve with a medium trip option, the valve will close when the flow reaches 1.5 GPM and a pressure drop of approximately 15 psi.

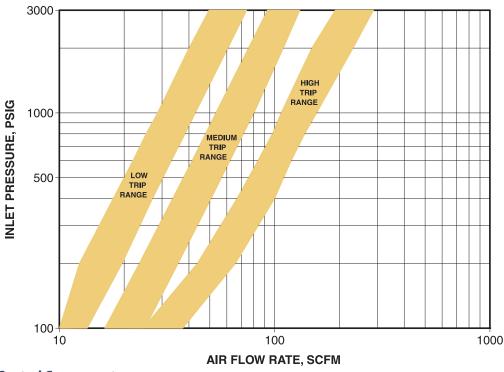


Water Flow – Standard Inlet/Outlet Sizes = 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 6mm, 8mm

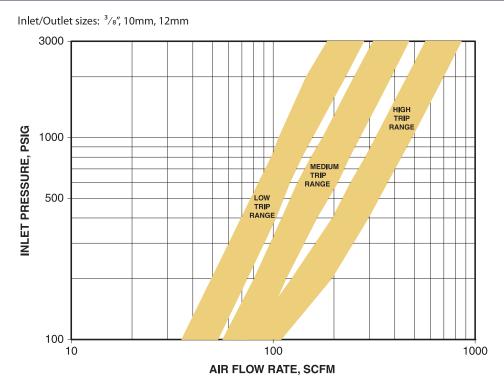
Air Flow Rates – Standard

Using the graphs below, find the intersection of your normal flow rate (including normal surges) and the inlet pressure of the excess flow valve. From there, move to the right on the graph and select a valve with a trip range greater than your normal flow. For example: reading the chart below, if normal flow is 20 scfm and the inlet pressure is 200 psig, you would select a ¹/4["] valve with a medium trip range.

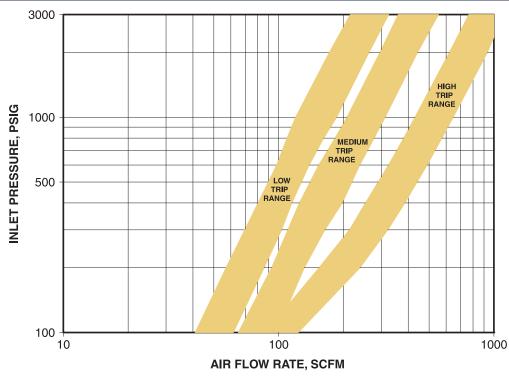
Air Flow – Standard Inlet/Outlet Sizes = ¼", 6mm, 8mm

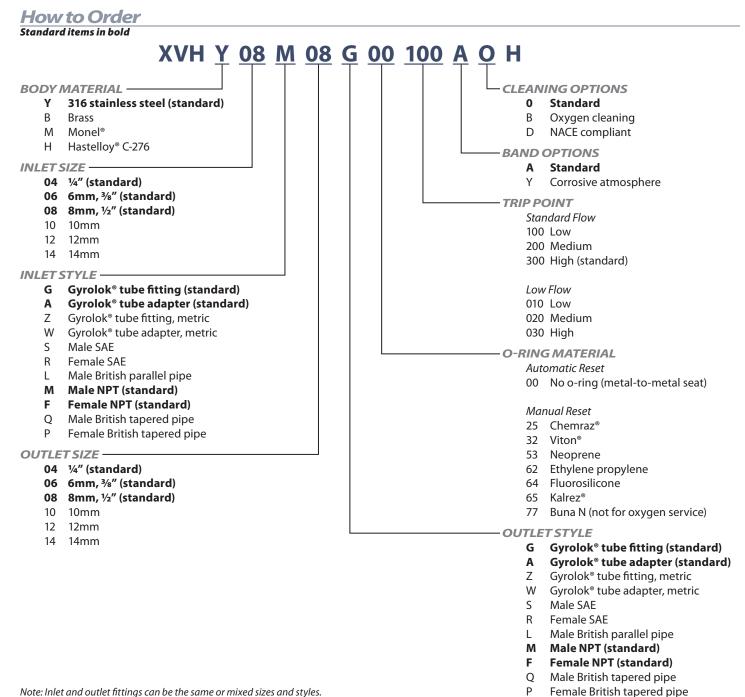


Air Flow – Standard Inlet/Outlet Sizes = 3/8", 10mm, 12mm



Air Flow – Standard Inlet/Outlet Sizes = ½", 14mm





Note: Inlet and outlet fittings can be the same or mixed sizes and styles.

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