



Redi-Klad™ 1000° Pipe Insulation

with ECOSE® Technology



- Knauf Redi-Klad 1000°F
 Pipe Insulation with ECOSE®
 Technology is offered across
 a wide range of sizes. For iron
 pipe from 2" to 24" (copper
 tube from 21/6" to 61/6") and wall
 thicknesses from 1" to 6".
- The Knauf rotary manufacturing process produces insulation with concentric inside diameters and consistent wall thickness.
- With a self-sealing lap, Knauf Redi-Klad is installed without special tools. There is no need for banding, caulking or rivets. And repairs are made quickly and simply by taping it up.
- Knauf's "wind-up" forming mandrel process prevents gaps and inconsistent densities, while making it easy to cleanly notch out sections.
- Knauf Redi-Klad 1000°
 Pipe Insulation with ECOSE
 Technology comes with factory
 applied weather and abuse
 resistant jacketing. Properly
 installed, Redi-Klad provides a
 zero permeability rating.



Facts at a glance

- For outdoor applications from 0°F to 1000°F.
- Excellent thermal performance.
- Superior fabrication properties.
- Manufactured in ISO 9001:2000 certified plant.
- Zero Perm.
- · Weather Resistant.
- Lightweight.
- No sharp edges for a safer installation

Redi-Klad™ 1000° Pipe Insulation with ECOSE® Technology

Description

Knauf Redi-Klad 1000° Pipe Insulation with ECOSE Technology is a multi-purpose, pre-molded, heavydensity, one-piece insulation bonded with ECOSE Technology. Knauf Redi-Klad comes with factory applied 5-ply weather and abuse resistant jacketing with self-sealing lap. Redi-Klad is designed for indoor or outdoor installation on mechanical piping systems with operating temperatures ranging from 0°F to 1000°F (-18°C to 538°C). Properly installed, Redi-Klad provides a zero permeability rating. Redi-Klad is produced in convenient 3' lengths. The installed product offers a finished appearance comparable to embossed aluminum. A matching 4" butt strip is furnished for each 3' section.

ECOSE Technology

ECOSE Technology is a revolutionary new binder based on rapidly renewable bio-based materials rather than non-renewable petroleumbased chemicals such as phenol, formaldehyde or acrylics. ECOSE Technology reduces Knauf binder embodied energy and contains no phenol, formaldehyde, acrylics or artificial colors found in traditional fiber glass insulation.

Application

Knauf Redi-Klad 1000°F Pipe Insulation with ECOSE Technology is designed for indoor and outdoor installation on industrial and commercial mechanical systems piping. Typical applications include, but are not limited to steam, condensate, process, chilled, and domestic water piping for new or retro-fit power generation, petro-chemical, pulp and paper, institutional, and educational construction projects.

Features & Benefits Energy Conservation

- · Offers excellent resistance to heat loss or gain, which saves energy and lowers operating costs.
- A low thermal conductivity of .23 at 75°F (24°C).

Low-Cost Installation

- · Available with a self-closure tape, which eliminates need for banding, screws and caulk.
- · Lightweight and easy to handle.
- · Low maintenance costs.
- · No off-site fabrication required.
- Safe installation.
- · Fast, easy installation reduces installed costs versus standard aluminum jacketing systems.

Zero Permeability

Properly installed, Redi-Klad jacket provides a zero perm vapor barrier.

Easy Size Identification

- Pipe size, wall thickness and Proto PVC fitting cover size are printed along the longitudinal seam.
- Easy identification at job site.
- Simplifies restocking.
- During application, print is covered by the closure tape for a neat finished appearance.

Specification Compliance Fiber Glass Pipe Insulation

In U.S.:

- ASTM C 547; Type I, Type IV
- ASTM C 585
- HH-I-558C; Form D, Type III, Class 12; Class 13 (to 1000°F, 538°C)
- MEA 325-83-M (City of New York Dept. of Buildings)
- NFPA 90A and 90B

Venture Clad Jacket and Tape

· MEA 447-06-M (City of New York Department of Buildings)

Technical Data— **Fiber Glass Pipe Insulation**

Surface Burning Characteristics

- · UL Classified.
- · Does not exceed 25 Flame Spread, 50 Smoke Developed when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84, CAN/ULC S102-M88, NFPA 255 and UL 723.

Temperature Range

Pipe operating temperatures from 0°F to 1000°F (-18°C to 538°C).

Corrosiveness (ASTM C 665)

· Does not accelerate corrosion on steel, copper or aluminum.

Corrosion (ASTM C 1617)

The corrosion rate in mils/yr will not exceed that of the 1 ppm chloride solution.

Alkalinity (ASTM C 871)

- Less than 0.6% as Na,O.
- pH between 7.5 and 10.0.

Microbial Growth (ASTM C 1338)

· Does not promote microbial growth.

Water Vapor Sorption (ASTM C 1104)

· Less than 0.2% by volume.

Linear Shrinkage (ASTM C 356)

· Negligible.

Technical Data— **Venture Clad Jacket and Tape**

Surface Burning Characteristics

- · UL/ULC listed.
- Does not exceed 25 Flame Spread, 50 Smoke Developed when tested in accordance with UL 723.

Surface Temperature Range

- · Maximum temperature continuous use 300°F (149°C).
- Application temperature -10°F to 300°F (-23°C to 149°C).

Water Vapor Permeability (ASTM E 96-05)

· Zero-perm.

Puncture Resistance (ASTM D 1000)

· 35.4 kg, 189.3 N.

Tear Strength (ASTM D 624)

4.3 lb., 19.4 N.

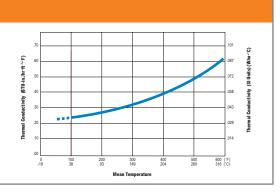
Thickness

• 14.5 mils (0.0145")

Tensile (PSTC-31)

68 lb./inch width, 306 N (31 kg)/25 mm

Thermal Efficien	cy (ASTM	C 335)
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Mean Temperature	k	k (SI)
75°F (24°C)	.23	.033
100°F (38°C)	.24	.035
200°F (93°C)	.28	.040
300°F (149°C)	.34	.049
400°F (204°C)	.42	.061
500°F (260°C)	.51	.074
600°F (316°C)	.62	.089



Minimum Pipe Insulation (In.) ^a (to meet ASHRAE 90.1 Requirements)									
Insulation Conductivity			Nominal Pipe Diameter (in.)						
Fluid Design Operating Temperature Range, °F	Conductivity Range BTU-in./ (hr·ft³.°F)	Mean Temperature Rating, °F	Runoutsb up to 2	1 & less	1 1/4 to 2	2 ½ to 4	5 & 6	8 & up	
Heating Systems (Steam, Steam Condensate and Hot Water)									
Above 350	32-34	250	1½	2½	21/2	3	3½	3½	
251-350	29-31	200	1½	2	21/2	2½	3½	31/2	
201-250	27-30	150	1	1½	1½	2	2	3½	
141-200	25-29	125	1/2	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	
105-140	24-28	100	1/2	1	1	1	1½	1½	
Domestic and Service Hot Water Systems ^c									
105 and Greater	24-28	100	1/2	1	1	1½	1½	1½	
Cooling Systems (Chilled Water, Brine, Refrigerant) ^d									
40-55	23-27	75	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1	1	
Below 40	23-27	75	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	

- a For minimum thicknesses of alternative insulation types, see 9.4.8.2, ASHRAE 90.1.
- b Runouts to individual terminal units not exceeding 12 ft. in length.
- c Applies to recirculating sections of service or domestic hot water systems and first 8 ft. from storage tank for non-recirculating systems.
- d The required minimum thicknesses do not consider water vapor transmission and condensation. Additional insulation, vapor retarders, or both, may be required to limit water vapor transmission and condensation.

Redi-Klad Product Forms and Sizes

Produced in 3' (914 mm) sections:

- For iron pipe from 2" to 24" nominal pipe size (51 mm to 610 mm).
- For copper tube from 21/s" to 61/s" (54 mm to 156 mm).
- Wall thicknesses from 1" to 6" (39 mm to 152 mm) in single layer (for most sizes).
- All insulation inner and outer diameters comply with ASTM C 585.

Packaging

- Four convenient carton sizes for easy ordering, inventory tracking and storage.
- Reinforced carton handles for strength and easy lifting.
- Bar-coded cartons for accurate shipments and tracking.

PrecautionsHot Pipe

- May be installed while the system is in operation, at all temperatures up to 1000°F (538°C).
- Knauf recommends, for insulation thicknesses greater than 6" (152 mm), the temperature must be increased from 500°F (260°C) to maximum temperature at a rate not exceeding 100°F (56°C) per hour.
- During initial heat-up to operating temperatures above 350°F (177°C), a slight odor and some smoke may be given off as a portion of the bonding material used in the insulation begins to undergo a controlled decomposition.
- If natural convection is not adequate in confined areas, forced ventilation should be provided in order to protect against any harmful fumes and vapors that might be generated during initial start-up.
- Care must also be taken when using sealants, solvents or flammable adhesive during installation.

 A maximum of 6" (152 mm) wall thickness is recommended.

Cold Pipe

- Redi-Klad jacket acts as a continuous vapor barrier on piping operating below ambient temperatures.
- Seal all joints, surfaces, seams and fittings to prevent condensation.
- Exposed ends of insulation shall be sealed with vapor barrier mastic installed per the mastic manufacturer's instructions. Vapor seals at the butt joint shall be applied at every fourth pipe section joint and at each fitting to isolate any water incursion.
- On chilled water systems operating in high humidity conditions, it is recommended that the same guidelines be followed as listed above for below freezing applications.
- Exterior hanger supports are recommended.

Redi-Klad

- Keep adhesive and contact surfaces free from dirt and water, and seal immediately once adhesive is exposed. Redi-Klad Pipe Insulation should be installed in dry conditions with no moisture present.
- Apply when ambient and insulation surface temperatures are between 0°F and 130°F (-18°C and 54°C).
- If stored below 0°F or above 130°F, allow insulation cartons to stand within recommended temperature range for 24 hours prior to application.
- Do not store product below -20°F (-29°C) or above 150°F (66°C).
- When using Knauf's Redi-Klad closure system, make sure the longitudinal and circumferential joints are properly sealed by rubbing the closure firmly with a squeegee.
- When using Knauf Redi-Klad Pipe Insulation, the surface temperature of the insulation should be between -20°F and 150°F (-29°C and 66°C) during the life of the insulation.

Fittings and Hangers

- Use metal or PVC fitting covers. For below ambient piping systems, caution should be taken to prevent punctures, tears, or rips in Redi-Klad vapor barrier. Additionally, all fitting insulation surfaces must have independent, field applied vapor barriers. Prior to installing fitting insulation, all exposed ends of pipe insulation sections must be vapor sealed.
- Fittings should be insulated to same thickness as the adjoining insulation.
- · Apply fittings per manufacturer's instructions.
- When required by specification, a hard insert of sufficient length should be used to avoid compression of the insulation.

Additional Precautions

- Fiber glass may cause temporary skin irritation.
 Wear long-sleeved, loose-fitting clothing, head covering, gloves and eye protection when handling and applying material.
- · Wash with soap and warm water after handling.
- Wash work clothes separately and rinse washer.
- Use a disposable mask/respirator designed for nui-sance-type dusts where sensitivity to dust and airborne particles may cause irritation to the nose or throat.

Application Guidelines Storage

- Protect insulation from water damage or other abuse, welding sparks and open flame.
- Cartons are not designed for outside storage.

Preparation

- · Apply only on clean, dry surfaces.
- Pipe or vessel should be tested and released before insulation is applied.

General Guidelines

- All sections should be firmly butted.
- Seal circumferential joint with a minimum 4" (102 mm) wide butt strip.
- · All piping should have continuous insulation.
- Position longitudinal lap at top to minimize dirt and moisture accumulation.

- Do not expose pipe insulation to excessive vibration or physical abuse.
- Insulation thickness must be adequate to assure 300°F (149°C) exterior surface temperature maximum.

Recommended Thicknesses ASHRAE 90.1-1989

The minimum thicknesses are based on ASHRAE 90.1-1989 standards and do not necessarily represent the Economic Thickness of Insulation or the thickness required for proper condensation control. Rather, they serve as minimum recommendations for commercial applications. For recommended Economic Thickness, install according to Knauf or NAIMA 3E Plus programs or as specified.

Fiber Glass and Mold

Fiber glass insulation will not sustain mold growth. However, mold can grow on almost any material when it becomes wet and contaminated. Carefully inspect any insulation that has been exposed to water. If it shows any sign of mold it must be discarded. If the material is wet but shows no evidence of mold, it should be dried rapidly and thoroughly. If it shows signs of facing degradation from wetting, it should be replaced.

Notes

The chemical and physical properties of Knauf Redi-Klad 1000° Pipe Insulation™ with ECOSE Technology represent typical average values determined in accordance with accepted test methods. The data is subject to normal manufacturing variations. The data is supplied as a technical service and is subject to change without notice. References to numerical flame spread ratings are not intended to reflect hazards presented by these or any other materials under actual fire conditions.

Check with your Knauf sales representative to assure information is current.

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