CORROSION RESISTANCE CHART

Corrosion Resistance Data

The following table presents information as to the relative corrosion resistance of representative types of stainless steels, namely Types 316, 302, 304, 430, 403 and 410. This data is based on laboratory tests and should be considered only as an indication of service life to be anticipated.

Under service operating conditions, many variations are encountered such as fluctuations in temperature, impurities in materials being processed, and local variations in concentrations, etc. Fabrication problems such as welding, brazing and heat treating must also be considered in the selection of the right type of stainless. The design factor must be studied as it, too, enters into the selection. It is important that sufficient access be made to equipment that it might be properly cleaned. Crevices and sharp corners should be avoided and welds should be ground smooth.

In view of the above, it is recommended that, wherever possible, samples of stainless should be subjected to actual operating conditions for evaluation before application to production.

Chemical Media	Temp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403 410
Acetic Acid					
5 to 20%	70°				
50%	70°				=
80%	70°				_
100%	70°				
50%	Boiling				=
80%	Boiling				-
100%	Boiling				-
Acetic Anhydride	20000		77		
90%	70°				-
90%	Boiling				-
Acetic Vapors					
30%	Hot		-	_	_
100%	Hot			200	_
	1100				
Acetone	700		-	-	
	70°		Н	Н	
	Boiling		-		15
Acetylene	70°				-
Alcohol, Ethyl					
3 %	70°				-
	Boiling				-
Alcohol, Methyl					
accinci, mount	70°				-
	150°				-
Aluminum	Molten				
	Wolten	-	-		_
Aluminum Acetate		_	_	10901	80-00
Saturated	70°	Н	н	0.100	
Saturated	Boiling	-	_	_	_
Aluminum Chloride		_			
25%	70°				-
Saturated	70°	_			-
Aluminum Fluoride	70°				-
Aluminum Hydroxid	la		No.		
Saturated	70°				-
	1000 1000 100	_	_	_	
Aluminum Potassiu		-	-	-	200
2% and 10%	70°	Н			
2% and 10% Saturated	Boiling	Н			
	Boiling		-	med	
Aluminum Sulphate			-		
10%	70°	Н	*		-
Saturated	70°		*		
10%	Boiling	-	-		
Saturated	Boiling	-	-1	-	_
Ammonia (Dry or M		_	-	_	
All concentrations	70°-212°				-
Anhydrous	70°				-
Anhydrous	Hot		-		-
Ammonium Bicarbo		_	_		
	70° and Hot			ш	
Ammonium Carbon			Gal	1	100
1% and 5%	70°				
Aerated or agitate					
Ammonium Chlorid					
1%	70°		*		* -
10-28-50%	Boiling	*	*	-	-
Ammonium Nitrate					
All concentrations	70°				_
					-
	Boiling				
Saturated Ammonium Oxalate	Boiling	Н	Н	Н	H

Chemical Media Te	mp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403 410
Ammonium Persulphate (5%)	_				•
Ammonium Perchlorate 10%	Boiling			•	_
Ammonium Phosphate		_	_	_	
5% Saturated	70° 70°	Н	Н	Н	=
Ammonium Sulphate		_	_	_	
1% and 5%	70°				-
10%	Boiling	*	· ·	_	_
Saturated	Boiling		-		-
Ammonium Sulphite 70° and	Boiling			-	-
Aniline	92020	-	_	_	
3%	70°	Н	Н	Н	
Concentrated crude	70°				
Aniline Hydrochloride	70°				
Antimony	Molten				
Antimony Trichloride	70°				
Amyl Acetate (Conc.)	70°				-
Amyl Chloride	70°				
Arsenic Acid	150°			-	-
Barium Carbonate	70°				-
Barium Chloride				_	
5%	70°		*	*	-
Saturated	70° Hot		*	-	1
Aqueous solution	Hot	-	-	- 	Po-so
Barium Nitrate Aqueous solution	Hot			_	 _
Barium Sulphate	70°		н		_
Barium Sulphide	70	_	_	_	ACCES OF
Saturated Solution	70°				
Beer	70°				=
Barley (Malt and Hops)				н	-
Alcohol (31/2 to 41/2%)	160°		н	=	
		Н	н		
Benzene	70°		Н	н	
Benzoic Acid	70°		-		_
Benzol	70°	Н			-
Blood (Meat Juices)	Cold		*	*	_
Borax (5%)	Hot				
Boric Acid	14.535	-	-	-	-
5% Saturated solution	Hot Boiling				
Bromine	70°				
Buttermilk Butteria Asid	70°		-	-	-
Butyric Acid 5%	70°				
5%	150°				=
Aqueous Sol. Sp.					
G964	Boiling				-
Calcium Carbonate	70°				:: - ::
Calcium Chlorate					
Dilute solution	70°			-	-
Dilute solution	Hot	-			1 - 3
Calcium Chloride	70°			F1	
Dilute solution Conc. solution	70°	*	*		_
Cono. Solution	10		-	_	

Symbols and Colors Indicate Recommendation

- Recommended
- Light attack use with caution
- Chemically attacked not recommended
- Not tested

^{*} Pitting occurs under some conditions.



CORROSION RESISTANCE CHART

Chemical Media	Temp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403 410
Calcium Hydroxide			-		
10%	Boiling	Н	Н	=	-
20% 50%	Boiling Boiling			=	
Calcium Hypochlorit		-	E3		_
Calcium Sulphate	6 (2/0) 10		_	-	
Saturated	70°	•		•	-
Carbolic Acid CP	70°				
CP	Hot				-
Carbonated Water					
(Carbonic Acid) C		-	Н	н	0.9100
Carbon Bisulphide	70°	-	-	-	100
Carbon Monoxide G	as 1400°				
	1600°			Н	=
Carbon Tetrachlorid					
CP (Dry)	70°				
CP (Dry)	Boiling				H
Aqueous solution	(10%) 70°	-		-	
Chinosol Antiseptic solution	1-500 700			_	_
Chloracetic Acid	70°				
Chlorbenzol	70	-	_	_	_
Pure, Dry	70°				-
Chloric Acid	70°				1000
Chlorinated Water					
Saturated	70°				-
Chlorine Gas			-		
Dry gas	70°				_
Moist gas	70°				500
Chloroform (Dry)	70	-	-	_	155
Chromic Acid CP 10%	70°				_
CP 10%	Boiling				1000
CP 50%	Boiling				1
Chromic Acid					
50% commercial (Cont. SO ₃)	70°			_	-
50% commercial	,0			201	5000
(Cont. SO ₃)	Boiling				-
Chromium Plating E	Bath 70°			-	-
Cider	70°				-
Citric Acid		_	_	_	_
10%	70°		Н	Н	
25% 50%	70° 70°	н	н	=	
10%	Boiling				
25%	Boiling			-	-
50%	Boiling			_	_
Coca-Cola Syrup (F		ы	ы	н	1000 m
Coffee	Boiling		-	-	-
Copper Acetate Saturated	70°				_
Copper Carbonate	70			-	0.000000
Sat. sol. in 50% N	IH,OH				-
Copper Chloride	market in				
1% aerated	70°	*	*	*	_
5% aerated	70°	-	-	-	_
Copper Cyanide Saturated	Boiling				-
	Bolling		_		1000
Copper Nitrate 5%	70°				
50%	Boiling			-	-

Chemical Media Te	emp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403 410
Copper Sulphate	ESV.	_		-	
5% aerated Saturated	70° Boiling	Н	Н		Ξ
	Hot		H		_
Creosote (Coal Tar)	70°	н	н		=
Cyanogen Gas		н	-		
Dichloroethane	Boiling		-		1,
Dinitrochlorobenzene Melted and solidified	70°				_
Dyewood Liquor	70°		122	_	-
Epsom Salt	200	-			
Magnesium sulphate	Cold			_	-
	and Hot	*	*		
Ether	70°				-
Ethyl Alcohol,		_	_	_	
(10% to 100%)	70°		H	H	220
Ethyl Chloride (Dry)	70°		H		
Ethylene Glycol (Conc.	.) 70°	-	-		-
Ferric Chloride	70°				-
All concentrations	70°				_
Ferric Hydroxide	703				250
Ferric Nitrate All concentrations	70°				
Ferrous Chloride	70		-	-	-
Saturated	70°	-		-	_
Ferrous Sulphate					
10%	70°		*		94
10%	Boiling				
Fluorine (Gas)	70°	-	ш	-	-
Formalin (Formaldabuda 40%)	1 700	-	-	21	900
(Formaldehyde, 40%) 70°		-	-	
Formic Acid 5%	70°				
10%	70°				-
50%	70°		H	-	-
100% 10%	70° Boiling		Н		Ξ
50%	Boiling		H		z-
100%	Boiling			-	-
Fruit Juices	70°				
Fuel Oil	Hot			-	-
Furfural	70°			-	-
Gallic Acid					
5%	70°		H	Н	-
5% Saturated, 212°F	150° Boiling	Н	Н	H	_
Gasoline	70°		=	F	
Gelatine	70°		F	F	F
Glue	70				-
Dry	70°		*		-
Solution acid 70° a	ind 140°	*		-	-
Glycerine	70°				
Hydrobromic Acid					
Hydrochloric Acid					
All concentrations	70°				
Hydrocyanic Acid					-
Hydrofluoric Acid					
All concentrations	70°				_
Liversoft and the second	and Hot				
Hydrofluosilicic Acid	70°				
Hydrogen Peroxide	70° Boiling	Н	Н	H	-
Hydrogen Sulphide	Doming				
Dry Sulphide	70°				-
Wet	70°	**	**	**	-
lodine	70°				-
lodoform	70°			-	-
lodolorm		_	_	-	
Kerosene	70°				-

Chemical Media To	emp. °F.	316	304	430	410
Ketchup	70°		*	*	-
Lactic Acid	65/65E.4.			-	
1%, 5% and 10%	70°				-
1%	Boiling				-
5%	Boiling	Н		-	ibt -
10%	Boiling	н			
Lard	70°				_
	1000°F			-	
Lead Acetate (5%)	Boiling			_	_
Linseed Oil	70°				
Lysol	70°				
Magnesium Carbonate All concentrations	70°				_
Magnesium Chloride	70°	-	-	_	_
1% and 5%	Hot	÷	ă		=
Magnesium Hydroxide					_
And the second s	70-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Nitrate All concentrations	70°				_
	and Hot				_
		-			
Mayonnaise	70°				
Mercuric Chloride (Dil. S	Sol.) 70°				-
Mercury					-
Methanol (See Methyl	Alcohol)				
Milk			540		172
(Fresh or Sour) Co	a or Hot	-	-	-	_
Mixed Acids 50% H ₂ SO ₄ +	Cold				_
50% H ₂ SO ₄ + 50% HNO ₃	200°			_	_
30701,,,103	Boiling			-	-
70% H ₂ SO ₄ +10%	Cold			-	-
HNO ₃ + 20% water				-	-
15% H SO + 5%	Boiling 200°			_	Ξ
15% H ₂ SO ₄ + 5% HNO ₃ + 80% water				_	_
Molasses	209				_
	70°				-
Molybdic Acid (5%)			-	-	
Mustard	70°				
Muriatic Acid	70°				-
Naphtha (Pure)	70°	-			
Naphtha (Crude)	70°			7	-
Nickel Chloride Solution	n 70°	*	*	-	-
Nickel Sulphate Solution	on 70°	*	*	-	-
Niter Cake	Fused				-
Nitric Acid			-		-3
All concentrations	70°				
5%	Boiling	Н			-
20%, 40% and 65%		Н	Н		-
Concentrated Fuming conc.	Boiling 70°		H		
Fuming conc.	Boiling				-
Nitrous Acid (5%)	70°				-
	and Hot	1	***	**	-
Oils (Vegetable	and not				
	and Hot	**	**	**	:
Oleic Acid	70‡				-
C.CIO / IOIO	300°				-
	400°			-	-
Oxalic Acid		_		_	
5%	70°	Н	H		=
10% 10%	70° Boiling				ΙΞ
25%	Boiling			_	×-
50%	Boiling			-	-
			7-22		

Pitting occurs under some conditions.
 Attack may occur if sulphuric acid is present.

CORROSION RESISTANCE CHART

Chemical Media	Temp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403
- A COLORO CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS OF	d and Hot				
Petroleum Ether					
Phenol (See Carbolic	c Acid)				
Phenolic Resins Col				-	-
Phosphoric Acid	id and Hot	-	-		
1% and 5% 70° a	nd Boilina				-
10% Still	70°				-
10%	Boiling				-
50%	Boiling		ш		1000
Picric Acid	70°			•	_
Pine Tar Oil Col	d and Hot			-	 -
Potassium Bichroma			-	_	
25%	70°		н	-	Ξ
25%	Boiling		=		3500
Potassium Bromide	70°	-	-		100
Potassium Carbonat		-	-	-	_
	nd Boiling		-	-	-
Potassium Chlorate Saturated	Boiling				-
	Dolling		_	-	-
Potassium Chloride 1% and 5%	70°	-			
1% and 5%	Boiling			=	_
Potassium Dichroma					
All concentrations		H			
Co	ld and Hot				-
Potassium Ferricyan			_	_	
5%	70°				-
5% and 25%	Boiling		н	_	2000
Potassium Ferrocyar			•		_
Potassium Hydroxide		_	_	_	1552
5% and 50%	70°		н		Ξ
27% and 50%	Boiling		-		
Potassium Iodide All concentrations					
	ld and Hot			-	_
Potassium Nitrate					
50%	70°			-	-
50%	Boiling			-	-
Potassium Oxalate					-
Potassium Permanga	anate				
5%	70°				-
5%	Boiling		•		100
Potassium Sulphate	700		_	_	_
1% 5%	70° 70°		н	н	
5%	Hot		н	=	-
Potassium Sulphide	1.01		_		
Solution	Hot			-	-
Pyrogallic Acid	0.55da				_
	Devi	15	-		_
Quinine Bisulphate (00/00/00	15	=		722
Quinine Sulphate (D					-
Rosin	Molten		-	•	-
Sauerkraut Brine	70°			_	_
Sea Water	70°				
Sewage		***	**	-	-
Silver Bromide					-
Silver Chloride					-
Silver Nitrate					
10%	70°				-
10%	Boiling				-
Soaps	70°				1-
Sodium Acetate (Mo	ist)		*		-
Sodium Bicarbonate					
All concentrations	70°				
5%	150°				

Chemical Media Temp. °F. Sodium Bichromate Sodium Bisulphate 10% 70° 10% Boiling	316		430	410
Sodium Bisulphate 10% 70°				-
10% 70°		_	-	
			-	-
1070			-	-
Sodium Borate				
All concentrations		-	-	
Cold and Hot				-
Sodium Carbonate				
5% Boiling				100000
50% Boiling Molten 1650°				
Sodium Chlorate 25% Cold and Hot			_	9023
		_		
Sodium Chloride All concentrations 70°		-		
Saturated 70° and Boiling		1	=	-
Sodium Citrate				
All concentrations				
Cold and Hot			-	-
Sodium Fluoride				
5%				-
Sodium Hydroxide				
20% and 30% 70°				-
20% Boiling			-	-
30% Boiling				-
Molten 650°			_	_
Sodium Hypochlorite (5%) 70°				
Sodium Hyposulfite 70°			*	-
Sodium Nitrate				
All concentrations			0440	
Cold and Hot				-
Sodium Nitrite		1 17	- 1	
All concentrations	_	_	07-90	
Cold and Hot		•	-	-
Sodium Perchlorate		_		
10% 70°		н		Ξ
10% Boiling		-		-
Sodium Peroxide (10%) 70°				Ξ
Boiling		-		_
Sodium Phosphate 5% Cold and Hot			_	_
		-		
Sodium Sulphate 5% 70°			-	
Saturated Boiling				-
7			_	
Sodium Sulphide 5% 70°		-	-	
50% Boiling		-		=
Sodium Sulphite				
5% 70°				-
25% and 50% Boiling				:: <u>-</u>
Sodium Thiosulphate				
25% 70°	12.0	110	-	8-
Saturated 70° and Boiling	E	-		-
Acid fixing bath (Hypo) 70°			-	-
Stannic Chloride				,rec
Sp. Gr. 1.21 70°			_	-
Sp. Gr. 1.21 Boiling			-	_
Stannous Chloride		-	/_=	
Saturated 120° Saturated Boiling				ΙΞ
	-		_	
Steam				-
Stearic Acid 70°				_
Strontium Hydroxide			1-1	: -
Strontium Nitrate Solution Hot			_	-
		-		

Chemical Media	Temp. °F.	316	302 304	430	403
Sugar Juice	Hot				-
Sulphur				_	
Fused	265°			-	-
Boiling	830°			-	-
Sulphur Chloride C	old and Hot				_
Sulphur Dioxide Ga		-	-		
Dry Dioxide da	575°				_
Moist	70°				-
Sulphur Monochlori				_	
	ue 70		_	7.55	
Sulphuric Acid 5%	70°				-
10%	70°				-
50%	70°				-
Concentrated	70°				
Fuming	70°			-	-
5%	Boiling				-
10%	Boiling				-
50%	Boiling				-
Concentrated	Boiling				-
Sulphurous Acid					
Saturated	70°			*	-
150# pressure	375°		*	*	-
Tannic Acid	UTTODY.				
10%	70°				
50%	70°	н			Н
10%	Boiling				
50%	Boiling				
	70°			_	_
Tanning Liquor	70			21000	
Tar		-	-	-	-
Tartaric Acid					
10%	70°				
50%	70°			=	=
10%	Boiling				
50%	Boiling			_	_
Tin	Molten				
Trichloracetic Acid	70°				-
				-	-
Trichlorethylene (Dr				-	
Tung Oil Co	old and Hot		-	-	_
Uric Acid	70°			-	-
Varnish					
CONTRACTOR	70°				
	Hot			-	-
Vegetable Juices					-
Vinegar			1.11		
vinegai	70°				_
	Hot				_
NAM-1-1	nut				_
Whiskey				-	
Wort				-	-
Zinc	Molten				
Zinc Chloride	11000000	100	-	_	
5%	70°			-	-
20%	70°				_
70%	70°			=	_
5%	Boiling		*		-
20%	Boiling				-
70%	Boiling			=	-
Zinc Cyanide (Mois				_	-
	0.0153			2.50	92
Zinc Nitrate Solution	n Hot			-	_
Zinc Sulphate					
5%	70°				-
Saturated	70°				-
25%	Boiling			-	-

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Pitting occurs under some conditions.

Attack may occur if sulphuric acid is present.