

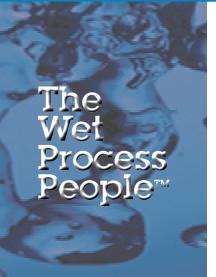
# ASAHIPUR® Lich Duritar

# High Purity Piping Systems









Purad® • PolyPure® • PP-Pure® • Purflon® Frank Regulators • SP Series Welding Equipment



# **High Purity and Wet Process Solutions**

Asahi/America offers the most advanced high purity product line on the market. Our complete product offering provides a single source solution. This extensive product selection is supported by an experienced and knowledgeable group of staff engineers, technicians and sales agents, all ready to assist you with your application requirements.

#### **High Purity Piping System**

Asahi/America features four system choices to meet every customer's purity and cost requirements. Purad® UHP PVDF is our premier high purity system for the most stringent applications. PolyPure® natural polypropylene and PP-Pure® pigmented polypropylene offer cost effective solutions for institutional applications. Purflon® PFA is made from ultra high purity PFA resin making it ideal for aggressive applications.



#### **Specialty Fittings**

Our standard fitting range is complimented by a wide variety of specialty fittings, which are machined and fabricated by Asahi/America. Our highly efficient Massachusetts-based manufacturing facility produces the fastest turn-around time in the industry.



#### **IR Welding Equipment**

The fully automated SP series of IR fusion equipment provides unmatched reliability and ease of use. Our exclusive force control welding technology eliminates operator influence and prevents cold welds.



#### **Diaphragm and Sampling Valves**

We offer a complete range of diaphragm, zero dead leg and sampling valves for our high purity piping systems. Our NVM UPW sampling valve provides cutting edge purity in its design.



#### **Frank Regulators**

The Frank series of regulating products includes pressure regulators, back pressure regulators, pressure relief valves and manual flow meters. These high quality products provide superior pressure and flow control for high purity piping systems.



#### **Polytetra Heat Exchangers**

We stock and sell Polytetra series heat exchangers. Constructed of the same thermoplastics as our piping systems, eliminating metal contamination from the water system. The unique body design provides more efficient media distribution and more robust end connections. They provide precise temperature control.



#### **Custom Products**

We offer a wide variety of ISO 9001 manufacturing capabilities for custom products including precision machining, system fabrication, final assembly and engineering design. Our specialties include piping skids, valve boxes, process systems and custom vessels.





# PURAD Ultra High Purity PVDF Piping System



Purad® UHP PVDF is the premier product for high purity water systems. The SOLEF™ PVDF resin we carefully selected and our stringent cleanroom manufacturing process provides the cleanest piping material available. Purad® is the best choice for systems with critical requirements for water quality and the prevention of product manufacturing impacts.

Purad® is the only system with a complete range of fittings in the thin wall SDR33 (150psi) for 3" and 4" (90 and 110mm) sizes. This option provides a significant cost savings for Asahi/America customers.

#### **Supply Range**

#### **Pipe and Fittings**

- 20 280mm (1/2" 11") SDR21, 230psi
- 90 315mm (3" 12") SDR33, 150psi
- 355 400mm (14" 16") Available Special Order

#### **Valves**

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- T-343 zero dead leg (ZDL) valves:
   20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- Type-21 ball valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- Frank series regulating valves: 20 75mm (1/2" - 2-1/2")

#### **Seals and O-rings**

- Diaphragm valves and regulators: PTFE
- Ball valves and unions: FKM (PTFE available)

#### **Welding Methods**

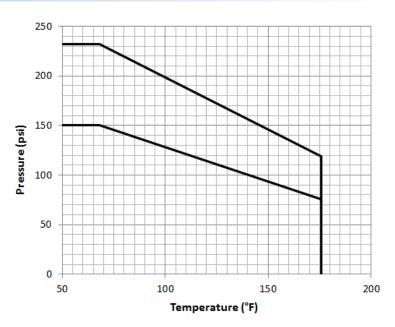








#### **Pressure Rating**



#### **Resin & Manufacturing**



At the core of the Purad® system is its resin. Purad® is a high purity system employing a consistent single resin for all of its pipe, fittings, valves and raw material. Utilizing only high purity grades of Solvay Polymer's SOLEF™ 1000 series resins, Purad® provides unmatched quality and low leachouts. Absolutely no stabilizers, additives or processing agents are used during production.

Purad® pipe and fittings are extruded and molded in stringent Class 100 cleanroom facilities. The parts are cleaned in an automated six phase hot UPW system. Fittings are double-bagged in anti-static, anti-tear bags. The pipe is capped and sleeved, bagged and contained in an outer PE tube.





# **POLYPURE Natural PP-R Piping System**



PolyPure® natural polypropylene systems provide excellent high purity performance and cost effective installation. PolyPure® systems are specified and installed with confidence for a variety of high purity applications including USP purified water, institutional laboratory, deionized water and RO water systems.

PolyPure® is fully pressure rated to 150psi across the entire size range and does not derate in larger diameters like competitive systems.

#### **Supply Range**

#### **Pipe and Fittings**

• 20 - 110mm (1/2" - 4") SDR11, 150psi

#### **Valves**

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")
- T-343 zero dead leg (ZDL) valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")
- Ball valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")
- 3" and 4" valves: Only available in PP

#### Seals and O-rings

- Diaphragm valves and regulators: EPDM or PTFE
- Ball valves and unions: FKM (PTFE and EPDM available)

#### **Welding Methods**







#### **Resin & Manufacturing**

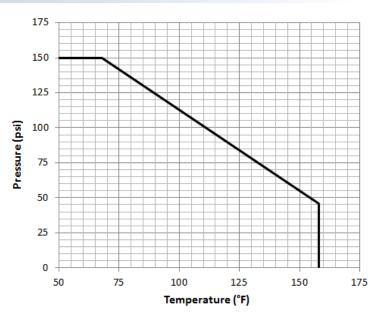


The PolyPure® system uses a virgin, natural random copolymer polypropylene resin (PP-R) for its pipe, fittings and valves. PolyPure® pipe and fittings are extruded and molded in stringent Class 100 cleanroom facilities. The parts are cleaned in

an automated six phase hot UPW system. Fittings are single-bagged. The pipe is capped and single-bagged.

Pipe sizes 20 - 32mm (1/2" - 1") are bagged in multiple lengths per bag.

#### **Pressure Rating**







# PP-PURE Pigmented PP Piping System



PP-Pure® pigmented polypropylene systems provide a wide size range and the best cost savings on large scale water systems up to 12". This system is commonly considered for large diameter non-critical UPW lines for the semiconductor and photovoltaic industries.



#### **Supply Range**

#### **Pipe and Fittings**

• 20 - 315mm (1/2" - 12") SDR11, 150psi

#### **Valves**

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- T-343 zero dead Leg (ZDL) valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")
- Type-21 ball valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")

#### Seals and O-rings

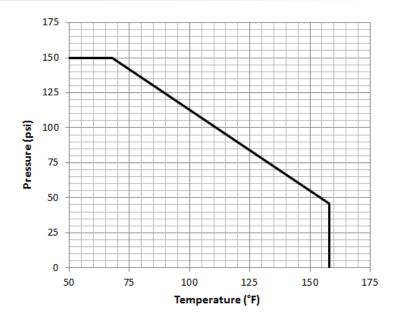
- Diaphragm valves and regulators: EPDM or PTFE
- Ball valves and unions: FKM (EPDM available)

#### **Welding Methods**





#### **Pressure Rating**



#### **Resin & Manufacturing**



The PP-Pure® system uses a pigmented random copolymer polypropylene resin (PP) for its pipe, fittings and valves. PP-Pure® pipe and fittings are extruded and molded in a standard facility. The parts are immediately cleaned in an automated six phase hot UPW system.

Fittings are double-bagged. The pipe is capped and double-bagged.

Pipe sizes 20 - 32mm (1/2" - 1") are bagged in multiple lengths per bag.





# **PURFLON PFA Piping System**



Purflon® is manufactured using ultra high purity PFA resin. A complete system of SDR pipe, valves and fittings are available in 20 - 32mm. Purflon® can be joined in the field using Asahi/America's SP series of IR welding equipment. Purflon® can also be welded by Asahi/America in our Massachusetts-based cleanroom with our SP 110-B beadless welding equipment. Purflon® is designed for critical applications including ultrapure water and ultrapure chemical transfer at elevated temperatures.

#### **Supply Range**

#### **Pipe and Fittings**

• 20 - 32mm (1/2" - 1") SDR21, 150psi

#### **Valves**

 20 - 32mm (1/2" - 1") SDR21 PFA/PTFE/FKM spigot, flare, S-300

#### Seals and O-rings

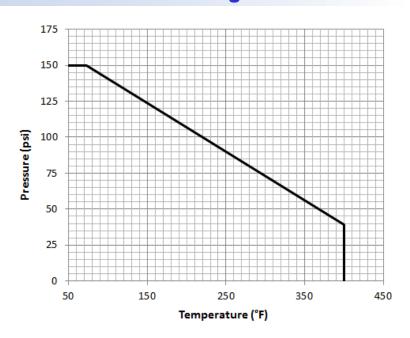
 Diaphragm valves and regulators: PTFE diaphragm. FKM or FFKM non-wetted backing ring.

#### **Welding Methods**





#### **Pressure Rating**



#### **Resin & Manufacturing**

Carefully selected resins are utilized in state-of-the-art production facilities to ensure low leach out of metals conforming with SEMI™ F57 requirements when tested per SEMI™ F40. Pipe is supplied double-bagged in 10-foot straight lengths. Fittings are also supplied double-bagged in tear resistant PE bags.





# SP Series Welding Machines Available for Purchase or Rent

SP equipment precisely controls all movements and parameters of the heating element and pipe clamps during each phase of the welding process. This full automation eliminates operator influence during the fusion process and provides unequalled repeatability.





**SP 110-S** 

**SP 110-B** 





**SP 250-S** 

**SP 315-S** 

#### Size Range:

20mm (1/2")	25mm (3/4")	32mm (1")	40mm 1-1/4")	50mm (1-1/2")	63mm (2")	<sup>75</sup> mm (2-1/2")	90mm (3")	110mm (4")	140mm (5")	160mm (6")	200mm (8")	250mm (10")	<sup>280</sup> mm (11")	315mm (12")
SP 1	110-S	Infr	Infrared											
SP 1	110-B	Beadless												
								SP 250-S		Infrared				
								SP 31	15-S	Infrared				

#### **Programmed** Welding Materials:

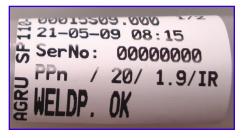
#### PVDF, PP, PP-R, E-CTFE and PFA

Please contact your District Sales Manager for PFA program terms.

#### Please note:

PFA requires expansion pack purchased separately.





**Weld Label** 



**Magnetic Inserts** 



**QA/QC** Software

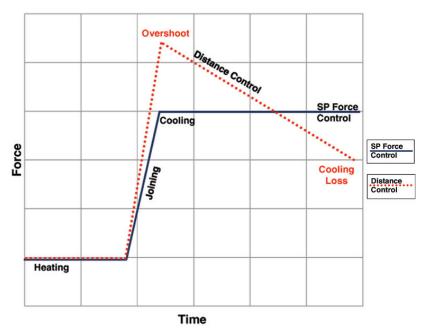


# **Benefits of Force Controlled Welding Technology**

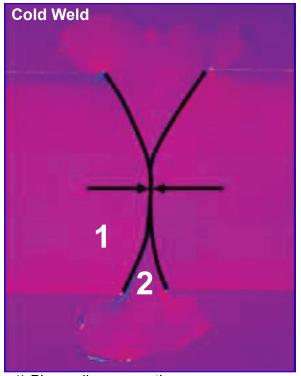
#### **Superior Control Over Parameters**

The automated force control technology in the SP series of fusion equipment removes the unreliability found in manually operated tools. The equipment automatically controls the movement of the clamps and heating element. The joining pressure is precisely monitored and controlled. Temperature, time and pressure parameters are pre-programmec for each material and size. All parameters are monitored, adjusted and recorded for QA/QC control.

The force control technology weld process prevents excessive joining force found in distance controlled equipment. Plastics inherently shrink when cooled, causing a decrease in the joining force on the welded area. The SP tool maintains force on the joint to produce a strong and consistent weld. The leading technology found in Asahi/ America's SP equipment provides unmatched repeatability and reliability.



#### **Prevents Cold Welds**



- 1) Pipe wall cross section
- 2) Molten material

#### **Theory**

Material is melted into a molten state, then sets as one solid piece. It is the molten material from both components that is fused together to provide the strength and integrity of the joint.

#### **Definition**

A cold weld is the result of too much joining force, which displaces the center the molten material. As a result, limited fusion between the material has taken place and the two pieces are contacting each other without a complete bond.



Cold welds do not have the structural integrity required for a piping system.



Cold welds are extremely difficult to visually identify and are usually not discovered until the system is subjected to hydrostatic pressure.

Cold welds are prevented by the SP force controlled welding technology which, automatically controls the joining pressure.



# **High Purity Valves**

#### T-342 and T-343 Diaphragm Valves



- Valves are cleanroom produced, assembled and packaged
- All valves come standard with integral lock out device to prevent unauthorized cycling
- Valves are 150psi rated at 68°F and designed for high temperature service
- Fully serviceable with replacement diaphragms available

#### **Specifications**

**Body Material**: Purad® PVDF, PolyPure® PP-R and PP-Pure® pigmented

**Diaphragm**: PTFE or EPDM (PP only)

**Bonnet Material: PPG** 

Maximum Pressure: 150psi at 68°F

#### **Size Range**

#### **Purad® UHP PVDF**

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- T-343 zero dead leg (ZDL) valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")

#### PolyPure® Natural Polypropylene

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")
- T-343 zero cead leg (ZDL) valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")

#### PP-Pure® Pigmented Polypropylene

- T-342 diaphragm valves: 20 110mm (1/2" 4")
- T-343 zero dead leg (ZDL) Valves: 20 63mm (1/2" 2")

#### **Actuation Options**



- Air-to-spring (open and closed)
- Air-to-air
- Min/max stroke limiter
- Electric position feedback
- Magnetic position feedback
- Manual override handwheel

#### **Sampling Valves**



#### Purad<sup>®</sup> Labcock Valve

This quarter-turn valve provides a basic and cost effective solution for sampling. Available in 1/4" male NPT and PVDF only.

Part number: 1068003



#### **EMT Needle Valve**

The needle design allows flow rate regulation at an affordable price. Available in angle and straight configurations with NPT and IR spigot ends.



#### **Dymatrix™ MPV**

The MPV poppet PTFE diaphragm design ensures pure sampling in critical applications.



# **MPV Sampling Valves**

# *Dymatrix™*



- Inline sampling valve assembly eliminates dead leg and crevices
- Clean PTFE diaphragm material
- Poppet diaphragm close to mainline
- Proven Dymatrix<sup>™</sup> MPV valve and bonnet technology
- Manual Push2Lock<sup>™</sup> handle is easy to use

#### **Specifications**

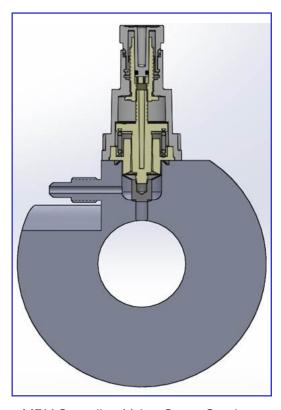
Body Material: Purad® PVDF

**Diaphragm:** PTFE **Seals:** non-wetted FKM

Valve Outlet: 1/4", 3/8" and 1/2" in flare or female NPT

Valve Body Inline: 20 - 250mm (1/2" - 10") PVDF pipe in SDR 21 & 33

Valve Inlet 2-Way: 1/4", 3/8" and 1/2" in spigot or male NPT



MPV Sampling Valve Cross Section



MPV Inline Sampling Valve



MPV 2-Way Sampling Valve



# **Frank Series Regulators**



- Accurate and stable control of pressure, regardless of upstream pressure or downstream demand
- Mechanical parts are isolated from the process fluid
- Adjustable under working pressure

#### **Specifications**

Body Material: Purad® PVDF, PolyPure® PP-R and PP-Pure® pigmented

**Diaphragm:** PTFE or EPDM

Seals: EPDM or FKM (PTFE diaphragm uses FKM)

Maximum Pressure: 150psi at 68°F

**Valve Size:** 20 - 110mm (1/2" - 4"), may vary by model

#### **V82 Pressure Regulator**

The popular V82 pressure regulator is a great value with its integrated gauge guard. This pressure regulator reduces pressure and dampens pulsations from pumps and upstream branch line cycling. The compression spring balances outlet pressure by opening and closing the valve as the inlet pressure changes.

**Size range:** PVDF 20 - 75mm (1/2" - 2-1/2"), PP 20 - 110mm (1/2" - 4")



**V82** 

#### **V782 Pressure Regulator**

The more precise V782 pressure regulator increases max flow rate and stability compared to V82 model. This regulator features a large control surface for accurate pressure adjustments. The compression spring balances outlet pressure by opening and closing the valve as the inlet pressure changes. **Size range:**  $20 - 50 \text{mm} (1/2^{\circ} - 1 - 1/2^{\circ})$ 



V782

#### V185/85 Pressure Relief Valve

The V185 features branch pressure relief to relieve excess pressures to a secondary line. This protects downstream items from dangerous peaks while allowing mainline flow to continue. The piston spring keeps the outlet closed until the set point pressure is achieved.

**Size range:** PVDF 20 - 75mm (1/2" - 2-1/2"), PP 20 - 110mm (1/2" - 4")



V185/85

#### **V186/86 Back Pressure Regulator**

The V186 back pressure regulator maintains adequate downstream pressure as upstream pressure reduces from branch line cycling. The V186 may also be used as an inline pressure relief valve. The piston spring keeps the outlet closed until the set point pressure is achieved.

**Size range:** PVDF 20 - 75mm (1/2" - 2-1/2"), PP 20 - 110mm (1/2" - 4")



V186/86
ASAHI/AMERICA®

# **High Purity Design and Installation**

#### **Overview**

The following information is intended to provide an overview for designing a high purity piping system. Please consult our Engineering Design Guide for complete technical information.

#### **Material and Piping System Selection**

There are several factors to consider when choosing the appropriate material for the piping system. The first step is to define your water quality.

#### What are the water quality specifications?

Stringent water quality specifications would indicate a need to choose Purad® UHP PVDF piping system as this will provide the lowest level of leachouts. Less stringent requirements allow consideration to utilize the cost savings offered by PolyPure® or PP-Pure®.

# What are the end products and how will water quality impact them?

Will this water system be utilized in the manufacturing of high-value products such as micro-electronics or pharmaceuticals? If manufacturing down-time and product yield are critical and costly, then Purad® UHP PVDF is the best choice.

#### What is the system's capital budget?

PVDF piping systems are five to 10 times the cost of a comparative PP system. While PVDF offers unparalleled purity, when budget concerns are the primary consideration, PolyPure® and PP-Pure® offer less stringent purity performance at reduced prices.

#### What is the system size range?

PolyPure® natural PP is only commercially offered up to 110mm (4"). For customers who are interested in the cost savings of PP but have large diameter line sizes, PP-Pure® is an excellent choice.

#### Why should I choose Asahi/America?

When comparing competitive systems it is important to recognize the higher quality of Asahi/America's piping systems. Many competitors do not utilize high purity raw materials or follow stringent high purity manufacturing practices to the same level as Asahi/America. In addition, inferior fusion and joining methods are used, which may jeopardize system purity and integrity.

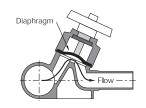
#### **Design Considerations**

Proper system design is critical for well functioning high purity piping systems. The system layout, material selection and component specifications can have significant impacts on initial cost of ownership, system startup time, system operation, water quality and operating costs.

#### **Diaphragm Valves**

T-342 diaphragm valves are the ideal choice for valves in a high purity water system as the valve design eliminates entrapment areas for bacteria to grow.

For branches and laterals, our T-343 zero dead leg diaphragm valves (ZDLs) eliminate dead space where bacteria can grow.





#### **Sampling Valves**

Asahi/America offers three types of sampling valves. Our Dymatrix™ MPV sampling valve features a poppet PTFE diaphragm for the highest level of purity. Our EM-Technik needle valve is a popular and cost-effective choice. Additional details can be found on page 9.

#### **Instrument Fittings**

Instrument fittings also reduce dead space and are the best way to attach gauges, sampling valves and instruments to the system. The large center shoulder provides an area to place a threaded tap or welded connection.

#### **Gauge Guards**

This true union gauge isolator has no wetted elastomers and uses a double-pipe design to completely eliminate the dead volume associated with traditional gauge isolators. Its flow through design matches the internal diameter of your piping system providing, essentially, zero pressure drop.



# **High Purity Design and Installation**



Asahi/America can custom make instrument fittings to any specification. Our exclusive IR lateral fusion process allows us to weld to the branch of the instrument fittings with a clean and reliable IR weld.

#### **UV** Lights

UV lights are commonly used to kill bacteria in high purity water systems. Light traps are a fitting assembly with two elbows in an "S" shape, which block the UV light from travelling into the system. Light traps should be used to prevent damage to plastic piping components, as not all plastics are resistant to UV. PVDF is resistant to wavelengths above 250 nm, but high energy 185 nm will attack PVDF. Polypropylene (PP) is not resistant to UV light at all. Light traps constructed of PVDF (for wavelengths above 250 nm only) or stainless steel should always be used.

#### **Pressure and Flow Regulation**

Proper system pressure regulation and flow rate are required to make sure all points of use receive adequate flow supply. In addition, flow rate is important to high purity water systems as it can effect the growth and spread of bacteria in a system. Additional information can be found on page 11.



#### **Hot Systems and Thermal Expansion**

Some high purity water systems are designed to be run at high temperatures (60 - 80°C) in order to control bacteria growth. PVDF is suitable for these elevated temperatures and our Purad® UHP piping system is an excellent choice for your hot UPW system. Proper design of thermal expansion loops with restraint fittings should be implemented. Technical details can be found in our Engineering Design Guide and we offer an Excel based calculator.

#### **Welding Methods**

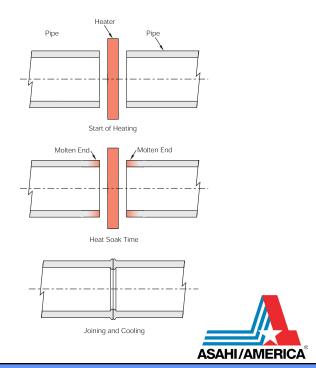
There are a wide variety of welding methods available for high purity plastic piping systems. Choosing the right welding method can have a significant impact on your water quality. Asahi/America offers the latest technology of welding equipment in all these methods and supports them with operator training, field service and factory service.

#### **IR Fusion**

Asahi/America strongly recommends the use of IR fusion for all high purity water systems whenever possible due to its cleanliness, reliability and ease of installation

IR fusion is a form of butt fusion where the piping components do not contact the heating plate. This eliminates contamination from the heating element into the weld zone, which occurs in contact butt and socket fusion. The interior welds on IR fusion are significantly smaller than contact butt and socket fusion, which reduces the chances for bacteria growth.

Asahi/America's cutting edge SP series of IR fusion equipment is fully automated and provides force control welding technology. When utilizing IR fusion with our equipment, you receive unmatched reliability and repeatability of the weld process. This reduces operator error, prevents cold welds and makes QC/QA inspection easier. Additional information can be found on pages 7 and 8.



13

# **High Purity Design and Installation**

#### **Beadless Fusion**

Beadless fusion utilizes a clamp over heating element on the exterior of the pipe and a balloon on the interior to eliminate the interior weld bead. Beadless fusion is utilized for critical high purity water systems where interior weld beads are avoided for stringent bacteria concerns. Common applications include high end pharmaceutical water systems.



#### SP 110-B Beadless Welding Tool

Beadless fusion should only be selected when necessary for the water system, as it will significantly impact installation and fabrication costs. Beadless fusion has much longer weld times than IR fusion. The special weld heads on beadless fusion prevent tight weld dimensions of fittings during fabrication.

#### **HPF Electrofusion**

HPF electrofusion utilizes an electrofusion coupling over the piping components to weld the material. The coupling is connected by electrical cables to the welding machine. Copper coils are molded into the middle of the fitting and as electrical current flows through them, the material is heated and fused. An optional balloon may be inserted to reduce the weld bead and crevices. This is a unique system offered by Asahi/America for PVDF only.



**HPF Weld** 

HPF is an excellent means of tying in, repairing or working in tight quarters of your PVDF system. The connection cables are 16 feet long and allow for easy access to plenum space. Asahi/America and others do offer field repair models of IR tools and remote weld heads. Many satisfied customers utilize HPF fusion for their intricate welding needs.

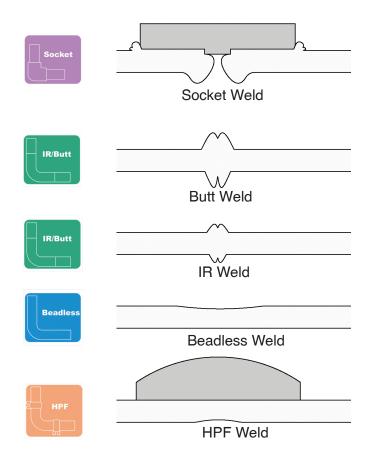
#### **Butt & Socket Fusion**

In traditional (contact) butt fusion, the material is in contact with the heating plate. The weld bead in butt fusion is larger than that of IR fusion. The weld bead in socket fusion is the largest of any of these methods, and the heater socket bushings contact the most surface area.

Asahi/America strongly recommends the use of IR fusion for all high purity water systems whenever possible due to its cleanliness and reliability. In some cases, it may be advantageous to allow the use of contact butt or socket fusion.

Small polypropylene piping systems can be very cost effective. The higher cost of IR fusion equipment can sometimes outweigh the cost of the piping material. Many mechanical contractors already own contact butt fusion or socket fusion equipment. In addition, socket fusion welds can be fabricated more quickly than IR or butt fusion, which may save on installation costs.

IR fusion equipment is most easily done on a bench top. If the system installation requires numerous field tie-ins or plenum welds, butt and socket fusion may be advantageous.





#### **Polytetra Heat Exchangers**



Polytetra series shell and tube heat exchangers provide the highest quality solution for heating or cooling your high purity water and chemical systems. The plastic construction eliminates metallic contamination and corrosion created by traditional titanium or steel heat exchangers. Polytetra is specified and installed with confidence throughout the world. Most units are custom designed to ensure proper heat exchange rate.

- Resins and components match those used in Asahi/America's piping systems for optimum purity and corrosion resistance
- Flow diverter prevents wear to critical process tubing and efficiently distributes heat transfer media
- · High coefficient of heat transfer

#### **Specifications**

Material: PVDF, PP, E-CTFE (Halar™) & PFA

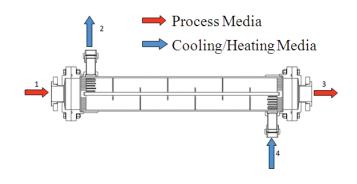
**Max OD:** PVDF & PP 200mm (8")

E-CTFE 160mm (6") PFA 110mm (4")

Surface Area: Up to 70 m2 (750 ft2)

Length: PVDF, PP & E-CTFE Up to 5000 mm (197")

PFA Up to 3000 mm (118")



#### Flow Diverter

Polytetra heat exchangers feature a unique Flow Diverter component for the heat exchange media connections. The Flow Diverter is slightly larger than the main body diameter and its design provides three key benefits. • The Flow Diverter distributes the heat exchange media radially around the shell rather than dumping it onto the first tubes it contacts. This provides highly efficient spread of the heat exchange media across the interior process media tubes. • The even flow distribution also prevents excess forces of the heat exchange media from damaging the thin wall process media tubes as they enter the shell chamber. • The large shoulder of the Flow Diverter provides a very robust connection point for the heat exchange media's end connections.





**Custom Shaped Heat Exchangers** 



**Electric Heaters** 





# Another Corrosion Problem Solved.™



Tel: 800-343-3618; 781-321-5409

East (800) 232-7244

Direct Sales: Central (800) 442-7244

West (800) 282-7244

Fax: 800-426-7058 www.asahi-america.com asahi@asahi-america.com