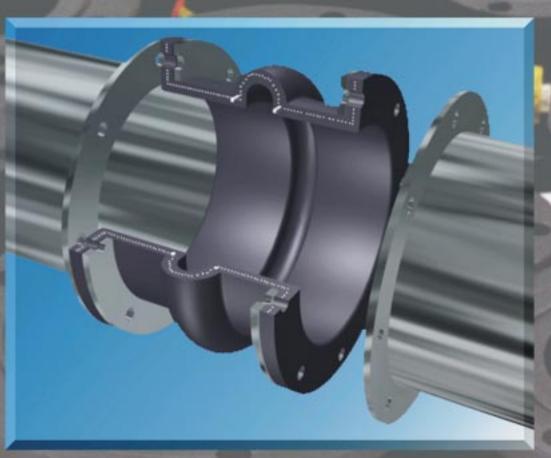


Series 552



The Expansion Joint People

SERIES 230/220



spool type wide arch rubber expansion joints

PROCO Series 230, Styles 231, 232, & 233 Non-Metallic Expansion Joints are designed for tough, demanding industrial applications, as found in: Chemical/Petrochemical Plants, Industrial Process Piping Systems, Marine Services, Power Generation Plants, Pulp/ Paper Plants, Steel Mills, Water/Wastewater and Pollution Control Systems. Installed next to mechanical equipment or between the anchor points of a piping system, specify the PROCO Series 230 to: (1) Absorb Pipe Movement/Stress, (2) Reduce System Noise, (3) Isolate Mechanical Vibration, (4) Compensate Alignment/Offset, (5) Eliminate Electrolysis, (6) Protect Against Start-Up Surge Forces. Our history in the manufacture of expansion joints dates back to 1930. When you need an engineered rubber expansion joint solution to a piping problem, call PROCO!

Series 230 Replaces Series 220. The new and improved PROCO Series 230 replaces the PROCO Series 220 rubber expansion joints. (Series 220 products will be available only in short neutral lengths.) This new hand-built product has been completely re-engineered to provide improved strength, flexibility, movement and spring rate capabilities. Manufactured utilizing tire industry technology, the Series 230 combines woven nylon fabric and nylon tire cord into a fabric matrix bonded with elastomer and reinforced with wire to create a product with greater operating performance. The nomenclature for the new PROCO Series 230 is as follows:

> Single Arch Series 230, Style 231 Double Arch Series 230. Style 232 Triple Arch Series 230, Style 233

Greater Movements With A Lower/Wider Arch Profile. The movements for the PROCO Series 230 exceed the specification of the Fluid Sealing Association's Rubber Expansion Joint Division Technical Handbook (Sixth Edition), Table V. Due to a new and improved lower, wider profile arch, more axial compression and axial extension coupled with lateral misalignment, angular and torsional movements can be obtained without increasing the face-to-face requirements. Installation of the Series 230 in a piping system will negate the need for long and expensive multi-arch products. For greater movements based on reengineering and new product construction, specify the PROCO Series 230.

Less Turbulence Or Material Entrapment. The PROCO 230 Series molded integral flange joins the body at a true 90° angle. Our product will install snug against the mating pipe flange without voids. The flange body of the rubber expansion joint is difficult to form and many manufacturers radius the edge angles. The resulting void between the mating flange and the edge angle can create flow turbulence and allow for material entrapment or bacterial growth. You can avoid these problems by specifying PROCO Series 230 rubber

Chemical Or Abrasive Service Capability. Expensive metallic designs for chemical service can be replaced with the more cost-effective PROCO Series 230. Built with low-cost chemical resistant elastomers, such as Chlorobutyl, DuPont Dow Elastomer Hypalon® rubber, EPDM, Natural, Neoprene and Nitrile, assures an expansion joint compatible with fluid being pumped or piped (See Table 1). When handling abrasive products such as any solids or slurries, Natural or Neoprene filled arch products should be specified. Please refer to PROCO "Chemical to Elastomer Guide" for recommendations on elastomer chemical compatibility for piping processes.

rubber expansion joints. Specifications Met. PROCO has assigned conservative pressure ratings to the Series 230 rubber expansion joints. The ratings, however, meet the requirements of the Fluid

flange face of the Series 230. Available only from PROCO, the Series 230 seals faster with

less torque at installation. For these exclusive features, specify the PROCO Series 230

Sealing Association's Rubber Expansion Joint Division Technical Handbook (Sixth Edition), Series C. The pressure ratings for the Series 230 rubber expansion joints have been fully tested and are based on a minimum four-to-one safety factor. For pressure protection with confidence, specify the PROCO Series 230.

Tested Force Pound And Spring Rate Tables. The Series 230 rubber expansion joints are in accordance with and/or lower than the quidelines for spring rate data as listed in the Fluid Sealing Association's Rubber Expansion Joint Division Technical Handbook (Sixth Edition), Table V. Due to a lower, wider arch profile, the PROCO Series 230 will provide more flexibility than conventional spool-type rubber expansion joints. In addition, the lower/wider arch profile coupled with a modified radial tire cord construction will result in lower flange forces. Lower resultant forces mean reduced stress of related piping system components. PROCO is currently testing each rubber expansion joint size and will list actual test data as opposed to listing hypothetical data normally associated with spring rate tables

Absorbs Vibration • Noise • Shock. The PROCO Series 230 guiet-operating rubber expansion joints are a replacement for "sound transmitting" metallic expansion joints. Sound loses energy traveling axially through an expansion joint. Water hammer, pumping impulses, water-borne noises and other forms of strain-stress-shock are cushioned and absorbed by the molded elastomer expansion joint, not related to piping. Install the Series 230 in a system to reduce vibration transmission when the piping section beyond the expansion joint is anchored or sufficiently rigid. For quiet, stress-free systems, specify the PROCO Series 230.

Wide Service Range With Low Cost. Engineered to operate up to 200 PSIG or up to 250°F, the PROCO Series 230 can be specified for a wide range of piping system requirements. Compared to competitive products, you will invest less money when specifying the engineered design and industrial quality of the PROCO Series 230.

Large Inventory Means Same-Day Shipment. We maintain the largest inventory of elastomeric expansion joints in the world. Every size cataloged up to 72" is in stock in a variety of elastomers. We can ship the products you need when you need them! In fact, when it comes to rubber expansion joints, if PROCO doesn't have them in

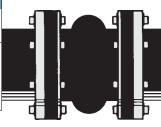
Information • Ordering • Pricing • Delivery. Day or night, weekends and holidays ... the PROCO phones are monitored 24 hours around the clock. When you have a question, you can call us

> Toll-Free Phone 800 / 344-3246 USA/CANADA International Calls 209 / 943-6088 Fax 209 / 943-0242 E-mail sales@procoproducts.com Web Site www.procoproducts.com Weekday office hours are 5:30 a.m. to 5:15 p.m. Pacific Time.

Table 1: Available St	yies • iviateriais (• remperatures
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PROCO™ "Chemical To Elastomer Guide" **PROCO Style Numbers** F.S.A. Material Maximum Branding Operating Temp. °F (°C) Filled Arch Open Arch Elastome Elastomer (Sinale) 1 (Single) 1 FA231/BB 231/BB Chlorobutyl Chlorobutyl 250° (121°) Black STD. III FA231/EE 231/EE EPDM **EPDM** 250° (121°) Red STD. III FA231/NH 231/NH STD. II Neoprene Hypalon® 212° (100°) Green FA231/NN 231/NN Neoprene 225° (107°) Blue STD. II Neoprene FA231/NP 231/NP Nitrile 212° (100°) Yellow STD. II Neoprene FA231/NR 231/NR Neoprene Natural (82°) White STD. I

1. Style numbers above reflect one arch. Products are also available in Styles 232 and 233



Protecting Piping And Equipment Systems From Stress/Motion

> Series 232 Page 2 of 7

3. Styles with Neoprene covers meet all requirements of U.S.C.G.

2. Expansion joint "cover" can be coated with Hypalon @ on special order.

Hypalon® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

All products are reinforced with steel and fabric materials.

Rev. 06 04/10 PDF

FROCEO STYLE 232/222

double wide arch spool type rubber expansion joints

Table 3: Sizes • Movements • Forces • Weights See Notes Page 4																
					23		ovement Co eutral Pos			Spring Rate Capability Based or Movement at Zero Pressure Con			nting ⁴ itions	Weights ⁵ lbs / (kgs)		
EXPANSION JOINT SIZE	Nom. I.D. x Inch / (mm)	NEUTRAL	LENGIH Inch / (mm)	EXPANSION JOINT STYLE	Axial Compression Inch/(mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular ¹ Deflection Degrees	Torsional ² Rotation Degrees	Force lbs per 1" rated Compression Force lbs per 1" rated Extension Force lbs per 1" rated Lateral Deflection Force ft-lbs Force ft-lbs Angular	Thrust Factor ³ In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG/ (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg/ (mm of Hg)	Expansion Joint Assembly	Retaining Ring Set	Control ⁶ Rod Assembly
1.5	(40)	10	(254)	232	2.4 (61)	1.2 (30)	1.2 (30)	58.0	2.0	U	7.44 (48)	200 (14.0)	26 (660)	3.0 (1.4)	2.5 (1.1)	2.3 (1.0)
2	(50)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2	53.8	2.0		12.40 (80)	200 (14.0)	26 (660)	4.0 (1.8)	4.0 (1.8)	2.8 (1.3)
2.5	(65)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2 (30)	47.4	2.0	N	15.66 (101)	200 (14.0)	26 (660)	4.5 (2.0)	4.5 (2.0)	2.8 (1.3)
3	(80)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2	42.2	2.0	D	19.36 (125)	200 (14.0)	26 (660)	6.0 (2.7)	5.5 (2.5)	2.8 (1.3)
4	(100)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2 (30)	34.2	2.0	E	27.90 (180)	200 (14.0)	26 (660)	8.5 (3.9)	8.0 (3.5)	2.8 (1.3)
5	(125)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2	28.6	2.0	R	38.13 (246)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	9.5 (4.3)	8.5 (3.9)	4.0 (1.8)
6	(150)	<u>10</u>	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2	24.4	2.0		49.91 (322)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	11.5 (5.2)	9.5 (4.3)	4.0 (1.8)
Ĭ	(130)	12	(305)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2 (30)	24.4	2.0		49.91 (322)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	11.5 (5.2)	9.5 (4.3)	4.0 (1.8)
8	(200)	10	(254)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2 (30)	18.8	2.0	С	77.97 (503)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	16.0 (7.3)	14.5 (6.6)	8.0 (3.6)
ů	(200)	<u>12</u>	(305)	232	2.8 (70)	1.4 (34)	1.2	18.8	2.0	U	77.97 (503)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	16.0 (7.3)	14.5 (6.6)	8.0 (3.6)
10	(250)	12	(305)	222	1.4 (35)	0.8 (20)	1.0 (25)	8.2	2.0	R	116.97 (755)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	28.3 (12.8)	17.0 (7.7)	10.0
10	(230)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2 (80)	1.6 (40)	1.6 (40)	17.8	2.0	R	119.97 (774)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	29.0 (13.2)	17.0 (7.7)	10.0 (4.5)
12	(300)	12	(305)	222	1.4 (35)	0.8 (20)	1.0 (25)	6.8	2.0		157.74 (1018)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	36.0 (16.3)	24.5 (11.0)	10.0 (4.5)
'-	(300)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2	1.6 (40)	1.6 (40)	14.9	2.0	E	161.98 (1045)	190 (13.0)	26 (660)	36.0 (16.3)	24.5 (11.0)	10.0 (4.5)
		12	(305)	222	1.4 (35)	0.8 (20)	1.0 (25)	5.8	2.0	N	204.61	140 (9.5)	26 (660)	44.0 (20.0)	27.0 (12.3)	12.0
14	(350)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2	1.6 (40)	1.6 (40)	12.9	2.0	Т	210.18 (1356)	130 (9.0)	26 (660)	44.0 (20.0)	27.0 (12.3)	12.0
		16	(406)	232	3.2 (80)	1.6 (40)	1.6 (40)	12.9	2.0		210.18 (1356)	130 (9.0)	26 (660)	44.0 (20.0)	27.0 (12.3)	12.0 (5.4)
		12	(305)	222	1.6	1.0	1.0	7.0	2.0	Т	257.54 (1662)	(7.5)	26 (660)	53.0 (24.0)	33.5 (15.2)	15.0
16	(400)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2	1.6	1.6	11.3	2.0	E	264.74	(8.0)	26 (660)	53.0 (24.0)	33.5 (15.2)	15.0
		16	(406)	232	3.2	1.6	1.6	11.3			264.74 (1708)	115 (8.0)	26 (660)	53.0 (24.0)	33.5 (15.2)	15.0 (6.8)
		12	(305)	222	1.6	1.0	1.0	6.2	2.0	S	316.59	(7.5)	(660)	61.0	34.0 (15.5)	16.0
18	(450)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2	1.6	1.6	10.1	2.0	Т	325.50 (2100)	(8.0)	(660)	61.0	34.0 (15.5)	16.0
		16	(406)	232	3.2	1.6	1.6	10.1	2.0	ı	325.50 (2100)	(8.0)	(660)	61.0	34.0 (15.5)	16.0
		12	(305)	222	1.6	1.0	1.0	5.6	2.0	N	381.69 (2463)	(7.5)	(660)	73.0	38.0 (17.3)	16.0
20	(500)	<u>14</u>	(356)	232	3.2	1.6	1.6	9.1	2.0	G	392.62	(8.0)	26 (660)	73.0	38.0 (17.3)	16.0
		16	(406)	232	3.2 (80)	1.6 (40)	1.6 (40)	9.1	2.0	otes Pers 4	392.62 (2533)	115 (8.0)	26 (660)	73.0 (33.1)	38.0 (17.3)	16.0 (7.2)

232/222 continued



Tab	Table 3: Sizes • Movements • Forces • Weights See Notes Below															Below
711	Nm×(c		=		232 / 222 Movement Capability: From Neutral Position					Spring Rate Capability Based or Movement at Zero Pressure Con	Operating ⁴ Conditions		Weights ⁵ lbs / (kgs)			
EXPANSION JOINT SIZE Nom. I.D. x Inch / (mm) NEUTRAL LENGTH Inch / (mm)		EXPANSION JOINT STYLE	Axial Compression Inch/(mm)	Axial Extension Inch / (mm)	Lateral Deflection Inch / (mm)	Angular ¹ Deflection Degrees	Torsional ² Rotation Degrees	Force lbs Compression Force lbs per 1" rated Extension Force lbs per 1" rated Latreral Deflection Force ft-lbs Angular	Thrust Factor ³ In2 / (cm2)	Positive PSIG/ (Bar)	Vacuum Inches of Hg/ (mm of Hg)	Expansion Joint Assembly	Retaining Ring Set	Control ⁶ Rod Assembly		
24	(600)	14	(356)	222	1.6	1.0	1.0	4.7	2.0	U	562.82 (3631)	100 (7.0)	26 (660)	88.0 (40.0)	48.0 (21.8)	20.0 (9.1)
	(000)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.0 (102)	2.0 (51)	2.0 (51)	9.5	2.0	N D	562.03 (3626)	100 (7.0)	26 (660)	88.0 (40.0)	48.0 (21.8)	20.0 (9.1)
30	(750)	14	(356)	222	1.9	1.0	1.0 (25)	4.3	2.0	E R	798.58 (5152)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	127.0 (57.6)	63.0 (28.6)	29.5 (13.3)
	(730)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.0 (102)	2.0 (51)	2.0 (51)	7.6	2.0	С	842.27 (5434)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	127.0 (57.6)	63.0 (28.6)	29.5 (13.3)
34	(850)	14	(356)	222	1.9 (48)	1.0 (25)	1.0 (25)	3.8	2.0	U R	1007.86 (8502)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	134.0 (60.8)	72.0 (32.7)	43.0 (19.5)
-	(030)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.0 (102)	2.0 (51)	2.0 (51)	6.7	2.0	R E	1060.51 (6842)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	134.8 (60.8)	72.0 (32.7)	43.0 (19.5)
36	(900)	14	(356)	222	1.9 (48)	1.0	1.0	3.6	2.0	N	1217.14 (7852)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	156.0 (70.8)	76.0 (34.5)	43.0 (19.5)
	(900)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.0 (102)	2.0 (51)	2.0 (51)	6.3	2.0	T T	1179.09 (7607)	90 (6.0)	26 (660)	156.0 (70.8)	76.0 (34.5)	43.0 (19.5)
42	(1050)	14	(356)	222	2.2 (56)	1.5 (38)	1.2 (30)	3.1	2.0	Ē	1673.13 (10775)	80 (5.5)	26 (660)	211.0 (95.7)	100.0 (45.4)	44.0 (20.0)
	(1030)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.8 (120)	2.4 (61)	2.2 (56)	6.5	2.0	S T	1628.28 (10505)	80 (5.5)	26 (660)	211.0 (95.7)	100.0 (45.4)	44.0 (20.0)
48	(1200)	14	(356)	222	2.2 (56)	1.5 (38)	1.2	2.7	2.0	I N	2134.86 (13773)	80 (5.5)	26 (660)	222.0 (100.7)	132.0 (59.9)	44.0 (20.0)
	(1200)	<u>16</u>	(406)	232	4.8 (120)	2.4 (61)	2.2 (56)	5.7	2.0	G	2085.53 (13455)	80 (5.5)	26 (660)	222.8 (101.0)	132.0 (59.9)	44.0 (20.0)

Larger diameters available upon request.

Neutral lengths <u>underlined</u> are the recommended minimum lengths.

Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D.: in. x 25 = mm; Dimensions: in. x 25.4 = mm; Pressure: PSIG x .069 = Bar

NOTES

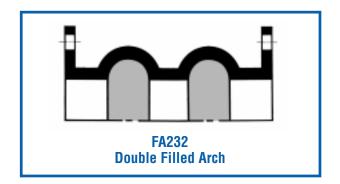
- 1. The degree of angular movement is based on the maximum rated extension.
- 2. Torsional movement is expressed when the expansion joint is at neutral length.
- To determine 'end thrust', multiply thrust factor by operating pressure of system.
 Pressure rating is based on 170°F operating temperature with a 4:1 safety factor. At higher temperatures, the pressure rating is reduced slightly. Hydrostatic testing at 1.5 times rated or working pressure for 10 minutes is
- available upon request.

 5. Weights are approximate and vary due to OAL.
- Control rod unit weight consists of one rod with washers, nuts and two control rod plates. Multiply number of control rods needed for application (as specified in the Fluid Sealing Association's Technical Handbook) to determine correct weights.

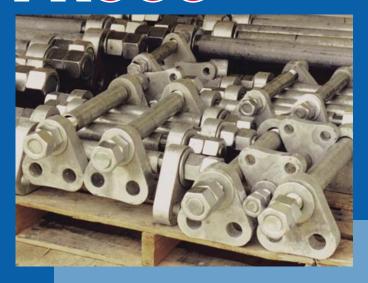
Filled Arch Rubber Expansion Joints

Known as Style FA232 or Style FA222 the Series FA230 Rubber Expansion Joints are designed to eliminate flow turbulence and collection of solids in the arch core. Filled Arch Rubber Expansion Joints can be found in applications such as sludge, slurries or other heavy solids where material entrapment, high flow velocity or high abrasion conditions exist. Filled arch products are manufactured with seamless tube and are built as an integral part of the carcass. Although the tube is made of a low durometer filler stock, movement ratings of the Style FA232 or Style FA222 are 50% less than those movements listed in the table above. PROCO can manufacture any size listed in the table above.





LIMIT RODS & CONTROL RODS



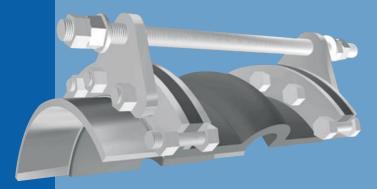


Figure 1: Limit Rod

Consult the systems engineer for proper nut settings
prior to system operation.

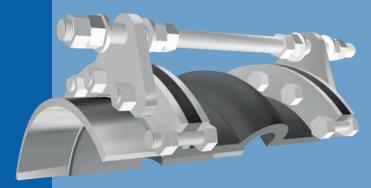


Figure 2: Limit/Control Rod
Rods with internal nut configuration must
be specified at time of inquiry.

Definition — A control unit assembly is a system of two or more control rod units (limit rods, tie rods or compression sleeves) placed across an expansion joint from flange to flange to minimize possible damage caused by excessive motion of a pipeline. The failure of an anchor or some other piece of equipment in a pipeline can cause excessive motion. The control unit assemblies can be set at the maximum allowable expansion and/or contraction of the rubber expansion joint. When used in this manner, control units are an additional safety factor and can minimize possible damage to adjacent equipment.

Use of Control Units with Rubber Expansion Joints

Rubber expansion joints must be installed between two fixed anchor points in a piping system. The pipe system must be rigidly anchored on both sides of the expansion joint to control expansion or contraction of the line. Piping anchors must be capable of withstanding the line thrusts generated by internal pressure or wide temperature fluctuations. When proper anchoring cannot be provided, *CONTROL UNITS ARE REQUIRED*.

Listed below are three (3) control unit configurations supplied by PROCO and are commonly used with rubber expansion joints in piping systems.

Figure 1 — Known as a **LIMIT ROD**, this control unit configuration will allow an expansion joint to extend to a predetermined extension setting. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension movement of a rubber expansion joint. Refer to Tables 2, 3, or 4 in this manual. **Consult the systems engineer for proper nut settings prior to system operation.**

Figure 2 — Known as a **LIMIT/CONTROL ROD**, this control unit configuration is used to allow specified pipe expansion (expansion joint axial compression) and pipe contraction (expansion joint axial extension) movements. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension or compression of a rubber expansion joint. Refer to Tables 2, 3 or 4 in this Manual.

Internal and external nuts can also be field set to allow for no movement in the horizontal plane. This setting will allow the rubber to move laterally while keeping expansion joint thrust forces low on adjacent equipment. Spherical washers can also be furnished (upon request) to combat any potential "nut to plate" binding during offset. Limit/Control rods with internal nuts must be specified at the time of inquiry. Consult the systems engineer for proper nut settings prior to system operation.

Figure 3 — Known as a **COMPRESSION SLEEVE**, this configuration is used to allow for specified pipe expansion (expansion joint axial compression) and pipe contraction (expansion joint extension) movements. Nuts shall be field set to no more than the maximum allowable extension of a rubber expansion joint. Refer to Tables 2, 3, or 4 in this manual. PROCO will manufacture each compression sleeve to allow for no axial movement unless otherwise specified by the purchaser. Compression sleeves shall be field trimmed to meet required allowable axial movement as set forth by system requirements. Spherical washers can also be furnished (upon request) to combat any potential "nut to plate" binding during offset. *Consult the systems engineer for proper sleeve lengths prior to system operation.*

Important Control Unit Considerations — The number of rods, control rod diameters and control rod plate thicknesses are important considerations when specifying control units for an application. As a minimum, specifying engineers or purchasers shall follow the guidelines as set forth in Appendix C of the Fluid Sealing Association's Rubber Expansion Joint Division Technical Handbook (Sixth Edition). PROCO engineers its control unit assemblies to system requirements. Our designs incorporate an allowable stress of 65% of material yield for each rod and plate (rod and plate material to be specified by purchaser). Therefore, it is important to provide pressure and temperature ratings to PROCO when requesting control units for rubber expansion joints. It is also important to provide adjacent mating flange thickness or mating specifications to insure correct rod lengths are provided.

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Web Site http://www.procoproducts.com

COMPRESSION SLEEVES





Control Rod Flare Control Rod

Tahle	e 5: Co	ntrol Unit Pla	te Deta	il		See Notes	Relow
		CONTROL R		MAXIMI	IIM 2	MAXIMU	
	AL SIZE (mm)	PLATE 0.	D.	PLATE	THK	ROD DIAN	1ETER
,	(,	Inch / (mr	n)	Inch / (ı	nm)	Inch / (n	nm)
1	(25)	8.375	(212.7)	0.625	(15.9)	0.625	(15.9)
1.25	(32)	8.750	(222.3)	0.625	(15.9)	0.625	(15.9)
1.5	(40)	9.125	(231.8)	0.375	(9.5)	0.625	(15.9)
2	(50)	10.125	(257.2)	0.500	(12.7)	0.625	(15.9)
2.5	(65)	11.125	(282.6)	0.500	(12.7)	1.000	(25.4)
3	(80)	11.625	(295.3)	0.500	(12.7)	1.000	(25.4)
3.5	(90)	12.625	(320.7)	0.625	(15.9)	1.000	(25.4)
4	(100)	13.125	(333.4)	0.625	(15.9)	1.000	(25.4)
5	(125)	14.125	(358.8)	0.500	(12.7)	1.000	(25.4)
6	(150)	15.125	(384.2)	0.500	(12.7)	1.000	(25.4)
8	(200)	19.125	(485.8)	0.625	(15.9)	1.000	(25.4)
10	(250)	21.625	(549.3)	0.750	(19.1)	1.000	(25.4)
12	(300)	24.625	(625.5)	0.750	(19.1)	1.000	(25.4)
14	(350)	26.625	(676.3)	0.750	(19.1)	1.000	(25.4)
16	(400)	30.125	(765.2)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
18	(450)	31.625	(803.3)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
20	(500)	34.125	(866.8)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
22	(550)	36.125	(917.6)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
24	(600)	38.625	(981.1)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
26	(650)	40.875	(1038.2)	1.000	(25.4)	1.250	(31.8)
28	(700)	44.125	(1120.8)	1.250	(31.8)	1.500	(38.1)
30	(750)	46.375	(1177.9)	1.500	(38.1)	1.500	(38.1)
32	(800)	49.375	(1254.1)	1.250	(31.8)	1.500	(38.1)
34	(850)	52.375	(1330.3)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
36	(900)	54.625	(1387.5)	1.750	(44.5)	1.750	(44.5)
38	(950)	57.375	(1457.3)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
40	(1000)	58.375	(1482.7)	1.500	(38.1)	1.500	(38.1)
42	(1050)	61.625	(1565.3)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
44	(1100)	63.875	(1622.4)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
46	(1150)	65.875	(1673.2)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
48	(1200)	68.125	(1730.4)	1.750	(44.5)	1.750	(44.5)
50	(1250)	70.375	(1787.5)	1.500	(38.1)	1.750	(44.5)
52	(1300)	73.625	(1870.1)	1.750	(44.5)	2.000	(50.8)
54	(1350)	75.875	(1927.2)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
56	(1400)	78.375	(1990.7)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
58	(1450)	80.625	(2047.9)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
60 66	(1500)	82.625	(2098.7)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
66 60	(1650)	89.625 91.875	(2276.5)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
68 72	(1700)	91.875	(2333.6)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
78	(1800)	103.125	(2441.6)	2.000	(50.8)	2.000	(50.8)
84	(2000)		(2619.4)	2.000	(50.8)	2.250	(57.2)
90	(2150)	109.875 117.125	(2790.8)	2.250 2.500	(57.2)	2.250	(57.2)
96	(2300)	124.625	(2975.0)	2.750	(63.5)	2.500 2.750	(63.5)
102	(2450)	131.375	(3165.9)	2.750	(69.9)	2.750	(69.9)
108	(2500) (2750)	131.375	(3336.5) (3508.4)	2.500	(63.5) (63.5)	2.750	(69.9) (69.9)
120	(3050)	152.125	(3864.0)	2.500	(63.5)	3.000	(76.2)
132	(3350)	166.625	(4232.2)	2.500	(63.5)	3.250	(82.6)
144	(3650)	180.750	(4591.1)	2.500	(63.5)	3.500	(88.9)
	(0000)	1001130	(1.1001.1)	2.000	(00.0)	0.000	(6.00)

Also available with spherical washer

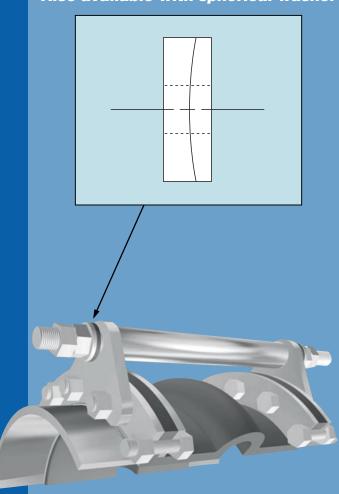


Figure 3: Compression Sleeves
Consult the systems engineer for proper sleeve lengths
prior to system operation.

Metric Conversion: Nominal I.D.: in. x 25 = mm; Dimensions: in. x 25.4 = mm; Pressure: PSIG x .069 = Bar

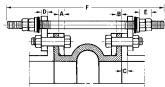
Number of Control Units is dependent upon pressure and temperature of system. Refer to Fluid Sealing Association's - REJ Division Manual, Appendix C (Sixth Edition) for *minimum* number of control units (per pressure rating) required for a rubber expansion joint when specified.

- Values listed in this table are maximum values based on PROCO'S engineering data.
- 1. Control rod plate O.D. installed dimension is based on a **maximum** O.D. PROCO would supply. (Figures 2 and 3.)
- Plate thickness is based on a **maximum** width PROCO would use to design a control rod plate.
 Control rod diameter is based on a **maximum** diameter PROCO would use to design a control rod.

Series 230 Drilling Chart

Split Retaining Ring





- A Retaining Ring Thickness
- B Rubber Flange Thickness
- C Adjacent Mating Flange Thickness
- D Control Unit Plate Thickness
- E Double Nut Thickness is determined by Control Rod Diameter
- F Control Rod Bolt Length is determined by A through E + OAL¹

Tabl	e 6: _	Standard Dri	lling for PE	OCO Series	s 230/220	Rubber E	xpansion Joints	Thickness of Materials for PROCO Series 230/220 Rubber Expansion Joints						
	/INAL			150# Flang			Material Thickness' for Bolt Length Requirements							
PIPE Expa Join	SIZE NSION IT I.D. / (mm)	FLANGE Inch / (n		BOLT C	CIRCLE NO. OF HOLES		SIZE OF HOLES	RETAINING RING THICKNESS Inch / (mm)	RUBBER FLANGE THICKNESS Inch / (mm)	ADJACENT MATING FLANGE THICKNESS	MAX. CON ROD PL Thickn Inch / (n	ATE ESS		
. 1	(25)	4.25	(107.95)	3.13	(79.50)	4	0.625 (15.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)		0.625	(15.9)		
1.25	(32)	4.63	(117.60)	3.50	(88.90)	4	0.625 (15.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)	_	0.625	(15.9)		
1.5	(40)	5.00	(127.00)	3.88	(98.55)	4	0.625 (15.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)	C	0.375	(9.5)		
2 2.5	(50)	6.00 7.00	(152.40)	4.75 5.50	(120.65)	4	0.750 (19.1) 0.750 (19.1)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99) 0.472 (11.99)	U	0.500 0.500	(12.7)		
3	(65) (80)	7.50	(177.80) (190.50)	6.00	(139.70) (152.40)	4	0.750 (19.1) 0.750 (19.1)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)	S	0.500	(12.7) (12.7)		
3.5	(90)	8.50	(215.90)	7.00	(177.80)	8	0.750 (19.1)	0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)	T	0.625	(15.9)		
4	(100)	9.00	(228.60)	7.50	(177.50)	8	0.750 (19.1)	0.375 (9.53)	0.472 (11.99)	O M	0.625	(15.9)		
5	(125)	10.00	(254.00)	8.50	(215.90)	8	0.875 (22.2)	0.375 (9.53)	0.551 (14.00)	E E	0.500	(12.7)		
6	(150)	11.00	(279.40)	9.50	(241.30)	8	0.875 (22.2)	0.375 (9.53)	0.551 (14.00)	R	0.500	(12.7)		
8	(200)	13.50	(342.90)	11.75	(298.45)	8	0.875 (22.2)	0.375 (9.53)	0.630 (16.00)	"	0.625	(15.9)		
10	(250)	16.00	(406.40)	14.25	(361.95)	12	1.000 (25.4)	0.375 (9.53)	0.630 (16.00)	Т	0.750	(19.1)		
12	(300)	19.00	(482.60)	17.00	(431.80)	12	1.000 (25.4)	0.375 (9.53)	0.748 (19.00)	0	0.750	(19.1)		
14	(350)	21.00	(533.40)	18.75	(476.25)	12	1.125 (28.6)	0.375 (9.53)	0.866 (22.00)		0.750	(19.1)		
16	(400)	23.50	(596.90)	21.25	(539.75)	16	1.125 (28.6)	0.375 (9.53)	0.866 (22.00)	S	1.000	(25.4)		
18	(450)	25.00	(635.00)	22.75	(577.85)	16	1.250 (31.8)	0.375 (9.53)	0.866 (22.00)	P	1.000	(25.4)		
20 22	(500)	27.50 29.50	(698.50)	25.00 27.25	(635.00)	20 20	1.250 (31.8) 1.375 (34.9)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00) 0.984 (25.00)	E	1.000 1.000	(25.4)		
24	(550) (600)	32.00	(749.30) (812.80)	29.50	(692.15) (749.30)	20	1.375 (34.9) 1.375 (34.9)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	C	1.000	(25.4) (25.4)		
26	(650)	34.25	(869.95)	31.75	(806.45)	24	1.375 (34.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	i	1.000	(25.4)		
28	(700)	36.50	(927.10)	34.00	(863.60)	28	1.375 (34.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	F	1.250	(31.8)		
30	(750)	38.75	(984.25)	36.00	(914.40)	28	1.375 (34.9)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	Y	1.500	(38.1)		
32	(800)	41.75	(1060.45)	38.50	(977.90)	28	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)		1.250	(31.8)		
34	(850)	43.75	(1111.25)		(1028.70)	32	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	М	1.500	(38.1)		
36	(900)	46.00	(1168.40)	42.75	(1085.85)	32	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	Α	1.750	(44.5)		
38	(950)	48.75	(1238.25)		(1149.35)	32	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	Т	1.500	(38.1)		
40	(1000)	50.75	(1289.05)		(1200.15)	36	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	0.984 (25.00)	I	1.500	(38.1)		
42	(1050)	53.00	(1346.20)		(1257.30)	36	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	N	1.500	(38.1)		
44	(1100)	55.25	(1403.35)		(1314.45)	40	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	G	1.500	(38.1)		
46	(1150)	57.25	(1454.15)		(1365.25)	40	1.625 (41.3)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)		1.500	(38.1)		
48 50	(1200)	59.50 61.75	(1511.30)		(1422.40) (1479.55)	44 44	1.625 (41.3) 1.875 (47.6)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99) 1.181 (29.99)	F	1.750 1.500	(44.5)		
52	(1250) (1300)	64.00	(1568.45) (1625.60)		(1479.55)	44	1.875 (47.6) 1.875 (47.6)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99) 1.181 (29.99)	L	1.750	(38.1) (44.5)		
54	(1350)	66.25	,		(1536.70)	44	2.000 (50.8)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	Α	2.000	(50.8)		
56	(1400)	68.75			(1651.00)	48	1.875 (47.6)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	N	2.000	(50.8)		
58	(1450)	71.00			(1708.15)	48	1.875 (47.6)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	G	2.000	(50.8)		
60	(1500)	73.00			(1758.95)	52	2.000 (50.8)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	E	2.000	(50.8)		
66	(1650)	80.00	(2032.00)		(1930.40)	52	2.000 (50.8)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	_	2.000	(50.8)		
68	(1700)	82.25			(1987.55)	56	2.000 (50.8)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	T	2.000	(50.8)		
72	(1800)	86.50			(2095.50)	60	2.000 (50.8)	0.375 (9.53)	1.181 (29.99)	H	2.000	(50.8)		
78	(1950)	93.00			(2260.60)	64	2.125 (53.0)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)	ı	2.000	(50.8)		
84	(2100)	99.75			(2425.70)	64	2.250 (57.2)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)	C K	2.250	(57.2)		
90	(2250)	106.50		102.00		68	2.375 (60.3)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)	N N	2.500	(63.5)		
96 102	(2400)	113.25 120.00	(2876.55)	108.50		68 72	2.500 (63.5)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18) 1.188 (30.18)	E	2.750 2.500	(69.9)		
102	(2550) (2700)	126.75		114.50 120.75		72	2.625 (66.7) 2.625 (66.7)	0.375 (9.53) 0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)	S	2.500	(63.5) (63.5)		
120	(3000)	140.25	(3562.35)	132.75		76	2.875 (73.0)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)	S	2.500	(63.5)		
132	(3300)	153.75		145.75		80	3.125 (79.4)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)		2.500	(63.5)		
144	(3600)	167.25		158.25		84	3.375 (85.7)	0.375 (9.53)	1.188 (30.18)		2.500	(63.5)		
	()		,)		,		(00)	1.1.5 (0.50)	11.13 (00.10)			()		

Metric Conversion Formula: Nominal I.D.: in. x 25 = mm; Dimensions: in. x 25.4 = mm; Pressure: PSIG x .069 = Bar

Notes: 1. Control rod length is determined by OAL of rubber expansion joint, rated extension, retaining ring thickness, mating flange thickness and number of nuts. Consult PROCO for rod lengths.

^{2.} Flange dimensions shown are in accordance with 125/150 pound standards: ANSI B16.1 AWWA C-207 Tables 1 and 2 Class D; AWWA C-207 Table 3 see Class E. Hole size shown is I/8 larger than AWWA standard.

^{3.} Plate thickness is based on a maximum width PROCO would use to design a control rod plate.