Control Valves







HB Series Control Valve (with Electric Actuator)

The **HB Control Valve** with Electric Actuator is a robust user-friendly alternative to pneumatic actuators. Actuator is ideal for installations where pneumatic lines are not present.

Fail-safe Mode: Super capacitors are used to drive the valve fully-closed or open in the event of power loss to the actuator. This replaces common backups such as springs with limited thrust or batteries with a limited life span.

Fast Response Time: Fully-open or close in approximately 6 seconds making them ideal for instantaneous and semi-instantaneous water heaters.

Integral Positioner: accepts 4-20 mA or 0-10 VDC control signal.





Control Valves

Control Valves & Control Loop Components

A Control Valve is one component of a control loop and relies upon other components for proper function of operation (i.e. controller, sensor, transducer, etc.).

The failure mode of the valve should be considered if the air signal controlling the actuator becomes interrupted. For example: For heating applications with steam, a **Normally-Closed/Air-To Open (ATO)** Valve should be selected. If the air signal to the actuator is interrupted, the valve will close in a fail-safe position. For cooling applications with water, a **Normally-Open/Air-To Close (ATC)** should be selected.

Ensure the maximum Close-off Pressure of the valve exceeds the inlet pressure. This is necessary to guarantee the valve assembly will overcome the forces generated in the valve body from the fluid pressure, allowing the valve to open and close properly and completely.

The **Pneumatic Actuator** accepts an industry-standard air pressure range of 3–15 PSIG, which allows the valve to fully open and fully close and modulate in between.

The **Electric Actuator** features a 6-8 second actuator time (fully-open to fully-closed), super capacitors which allow Fail-Safe operation in the event of a power loss, and an integral positioner which accepts 4-20 mA or 0-10 VDC control signal. Ideal for instantaneous water heaters.



CA2000 Valve Positioner



TA901 I/P Transducer



TA987 Air Filter/ Regulator



TR890 Electronic PID Controller



Electronic Temperature Sensor

Control Valves Page No. **HB-Series 2-Way & W910TB 3-Way Control Valves** 288-297 **HB-Series** 2-Way Valves 288 **W910TB** 3-Way Valves 293 HB-Series & W910TB: Capacity Charts 296 **Controllers & Sensors Introduction:** Control Loop Operation & Components 298 TR890 Series Electronic PID Controller 302 **TA901 Series** Electropneumatic I/P Transducer 304 **TA987** Air Filter/ Regulator (for TA901 Pneumatic Control Device) 305 **Electronic Temperature Sensors** (RTD or Thermocouple) 306 **Thermowells** (for Temperature Sensors) 307

HB Series Control Valve with Pneumatic Actuator

Models	HB Series
Service	Steam, Air, Water
Sizes	1/2", 3/4", 1", 1 ¹ / ₂ ", 2"
Connections	NPT, 150# FLG, 300# FLG
Body Material	316 Stainless Steel
Plug and Seat Material	Stainless Steel
PMA Max. Operating Pressure	720 PSIG @ 100°F
TMA Max. Operating Temperature	450°F @ 497 PSIG
Min Operating Temperature	-20°F
Max Air Supply Pressure	40 PSIG
Max Ambient Temperature	280°F
Min Ambient Temperature	-20°F

DESIGN PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE RATING - PMA/TMA

NPT 300 PSIG @ 450°F 150# FLG 150 PSIG @ 450°F 300# FLG 300 PSIG @ 450°F



These Control Valve feature all 316 Stainless Steel bodies and trim for use with Steam, Water, Glycol and other chemically compatible fluids.

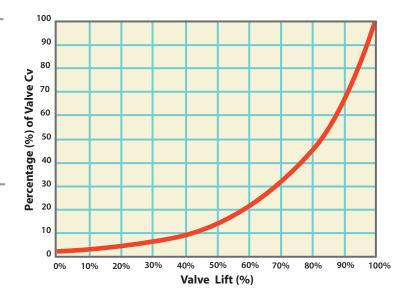
The **HB Series** is a high performance, general service control valve designed using Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) for high control accuracy, optimized flow characteristics and extended service life. These control valves, with stainless steel bodies, are equipped with a contoured plug design to withstand the rigorous nature of steam service and are compatible with many fluids and environments. Modern manufacturing techniques and modular construction allows these stainless steel valves to be extremely cost-effective in comparison to valves with bronze, cast iron or cast steel bodies. The standard configuration has an equal percentage flow characteristic with metal-to-metal seating, spring-loaded Teflon V-ring stem packing and pneumatic actuator. The HB Series is available with both pneumatic or electric actuation.

Description & Operation

A control valve is a device capable of modulating flow at varying degrees between minimal flow and full capacity in response to a signal from an external control device. The valve modulates flow through movement of a valve plug in relation to the port(s) located within the valve body. The valve plug is attached to a valve stem, which, in turn, is connected to the actuator. The actuator, which can be pneumatically or electrically operated, directs the movement of the stem as dictated by the external control device.

Options & Associated Control Loop Accessories

- Electric Actuators
- Positioner: Pneumatic, Electro-Pneumatic or Explosion-Proof
- PID Electronic Controllers (TR890 Series)
- I/P converters (Model TA901)
- Air Filter Regulators (Air Sets-Model TA987)
- Thermocouples
- RTD's
- Pressure Transmitters



HB Series Control Valve with Pneumatic Actuator

MATE	MATERIALS • Pneumatic Actuator								
14	Yoke	Stainless steel							
15	Lower actuator stem	Stainless steel							
16	Upper diaphragm case	Epoxy painted steel							
17	Diaphragm plate	Nickel plated steel							
18	Diaphragm*	Nylon reinforced Neoprene							
19	Lower diaphragm case	Epoxy painted steel							
20	Upper guide bush	SS/Bronze Impregnated							
21	Upper actuator stem	Stainless steel							
22	Nameplate	Stainless steel							
23	Hex nut	Stainless steel							
24	Stem O-ring*	Viton							
25	Yoke O-ring*	Viton							
26	Upper guide O-ring*	Viton							
27	Ring nut*	Stainless steel							
28	Diaphragm washer	Stainless steel							
29	Springs†	Stainless steel							
30	Position indicator disc	Stainless steel							
33/34	Hex bolt & nut	Grade 5 steel zinc plated							

† Air-To-Open Actuator: 6 Actuator Springs † Air-To-Close Actuator: 3 Actuator Springs Diaphragm Area = 47 in²

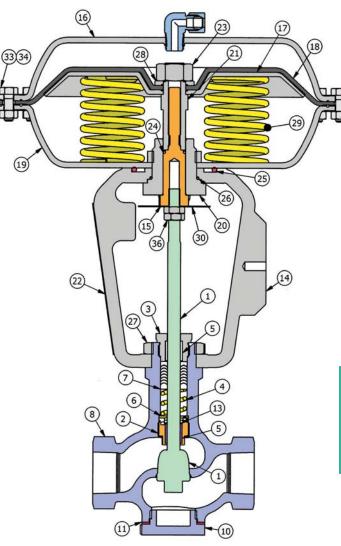
MATE	MATERIALS • Valve Body								
1	Stem & Plug Assembly*	Stem: 316 SS, Plug: 303 SS							
2	Lower Seal Bushing	303 Stainless Steel							
3	Gland Nut	303 Stainless Steel							
4	Stem Seal Spring*	302 Stainless Steel							
5	Guide Bushing*	Rulon 641							
6	Washer	303 Stainless Steel							
7	V-ring Stem Seals*	PTFE							
8	Body	316 Stainless Steel							
10	Body Plug	316 Stainless Steel							
11	Body Gasket*	303 Stainless Steel							
13	Packing O-Ring	PTFE							

^{*} Available as part of a spares kit.



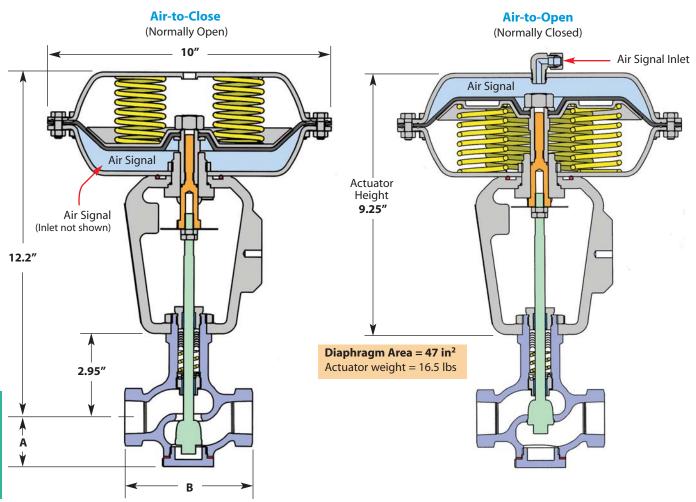
150# FLG or 300# FLG Available





Technical Information	
Plug Design	Contoured
Flow Characteristics	Equal Percentage
Leakage Rating	ANSI/FCI 70-2 Class IV
Rangeability	50:1
Travel	3/4"
Actuator Area	47 sq. in.
Body Design Rating	Class 300
Primary Stem Seals	PTFE Live-Loaded V-Ring
Diaphragm Design	Semi-Rolling
Design	Multi-Spring Diaphragm
Action (field-reversible)	Air-to-Open Air-to-Close
Positioner Mounting	IEC 60534-6-1 (NAMUR)
Stem Wiper	O-Ring

HB Series Control Valve with Pneumatic Actuator



HB Control Valve Selection

Air-To-CLOSE (Normally OPEN)											
Model HB	Size Connection (NPT)	Full Port	Reduced Port	Close-Off Pressure (PSI△P) No Positioner / Positioner		A	NPT B	FLG #150 B	FLG #300 B	Approximate Weight	
HB-12-N-ATC	1/2"	5.0	3.5	300	300	1.76	4.5	7.25	7.75	22 lbs [10 kg]	
HB-13-N-ATC	3/4"	6.5	3.5	300	300	1.76	4.5	7.25	7.75	22 lbs [10 kg]	
HB-14-N-ATC	1"	10	7	300	300	1.74	4.5	7.25	7.75	24 lbs [11 kg]	
HB-16-N-ATC	11/2"	22	17.5	230	300	2.15	5.0	8.75	9.25	26 lbs [12 kg]	
HB-17-N-ATC	2"	42	32	120	300	2.31	6.0	10	10.5	29 lbs [13 kg]	
Air-To-OPEN (N	ormally CLOS	ED)									
HB-12-N-ATO	1/2"	5.0	3.5	300	300	1.76	4.5	7.25	7.75	22 lbs [10 kg]	
HB-13-N-ATO	3/4"	6.5	3.5	300	300	1.76	4.5	7.25	7.75	22 lbs [10 kg]	
HB-14-N-ATO	1"	10	7	300	300	1.74	4.5	7.25	7.75	24 lbs [11 kg]	
HB-16-N-ATO	1 ¹ /2"	22	17.5	170	225	2.15	5.0	8.75	9.25	26 lbs [12 kg]	
HB-17-N-ATO	2"	42	32	85	135	2.31	6.0	10	10.5	29 lbs [13 kg]	

Model Code Configuration Chart

Models		Code	Size	Code	Connection Type	Actuator	
HB HBR	Full Port Reduced Port	12 13 14 16 17	1/2" 3/4" 1" 11/2" 2"	N F150 F300	NPT 150# FLG 300# FLG	ATC ATO	Air-to-Close Air-to-Open

HB Series Control Valve with Pneumatic Actuator



Type 2000 Valve Positioner

(Pneumatic or Electro-Pneumatic)

Type 2000 Valve Positioners (Pneumatic and Electro-Pneumatic) are mechanical devices designed to provide enhanced control, stability, and shut-off capability in extreme flow applications. The positioner, which is mounted to the valve's yoke assembly and linked to the valve stem, receives a signal from an external control source, compares the control signal to the actual position of the valve plug, and then sends a corrected signal to the valve's actuator, thereby positioning the valve plug for optimum flow modulation.



Type-2000	Pneumatic	Electro-Pneumatic
Input Signal	3-15 PSI	4-20 mA
Supply Pressure	145 PSI maximum	21.8 - 145 PSI
Linearity Error	0.7 % full span	<1.0% of full span
Hysteresis	0.4 % full span	<0.6% of full span
Repeatability	0.3 % full span	<0.5% of full span
Pressure Gain	750 P-out/P-in	750 P-out/P-in
Flow Capacity	SCFM	SCFM
@20 PSI	9.5	9.5
@87 PSI	28.3	28.3
@145 PSI	47.1	47.1
Air Consumption	SCFM	SCFM
@20 PSI	0.18	0.2
@87 PSI	0.53	0.6
@145 PSI	0.88	1.0
Impedance		260 Ohms at 70° F
Loop Load		5.2 Volts at 70° F
Port Size	1/4" NPT; Gauge Ports 1/8" NPT	1/2" NPT
Temperature Range	-40° F — 1	85° F
Media	Oil-free Instrument Air F	iltered to 40 micron
Enclosure	NEMA -	4X



Type 2000 Valve Positioner (Pneumatic or Electro-Pneumatic)

Valve Positioner Model Code Configuration

Exampl	e N	lodel	:	CA2000L1C3	V
			_		

Model	Postioner Type	Indicator	Code
CA2000L1C3 CA2010L1C3 CA2020L1C3	Pneumatic Electro-Pneumatic Explosion-Proof	None (Standard Linear) Dome (Option)	N D

HB Series Control Valve with Electric Actuator

The **HB Series Control Valve** with **Electric Actuator** is a robust, user-friendly alternative to the standard pneumatic actuator on the HB Series Control Valve. With fast and precise movement, this actuator is designed to handle a broad range of applications including instantaneous and semi-instantaneous water heaters. Ideal for installations where pneumatic lines are not present or are prohibitive.

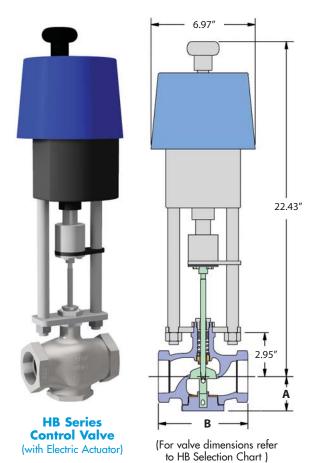
WMEA Electric Actuator Specifications							
Power Supply	115VAC	115VAC 24VAC 24VD					
Nominal Current (A)	0.66	3.15	2				
Max Current (A)	0.86	4.1	2.6				
Max Power Consumption (W)	57	53	48				
Force	1,100 lbs						
Stem Velocity	0.088 - 0.177 in/sec						
Nominal 3/4" Travel Time	6 - 8 sec						
Duty Cycle, IEC 60034-1,8	S2 30min S4 50% ED @ 77°F						
Ambient Temperature	-4 to 140°	°F					
Shut-off Pressure (1/2" to 2" HB)	300 psig						
Actuator Weight	17.6 lbs						

Features and Benefits

- Fast Response: These actuators are respond extremely fast and will fully open or close the HB Control Valve in approximately 6 seconds making them ideal for instantaneous and semiinstantaneous water heaters. Typical signal response time is 2-3 seconds.
- Fail-Safe Mode: Super capacitors are used to drive the valve fully-closed or open in the event of power loss to the actuator. This replaces common back-ups such as springs with limited thrust or batteries with a limited life span.
- High Stem Thrust: Allows close-off of all HB valves sizes against the full rating of 300 psig.
- Integral Positioner: Accepts 4/0-20mA or 2/0-10 VDC control signals, eliminating the need for a separate I/P transducer.
- **Field-Configurable:** Using a PC, the actuator can be field-configured for minimum closing position, maximum opening position, fail-open, fail-close or stay-put failure mode in the event of power loss.

Options & Associated Control Loop Accessories

- USB Kit for parameter customization
- PID Electronic Controllers (TR890 Series)
- Thermocouples
- RTD's
- Pressure Transmitters



Additional Technical Inform	ation				
Motor Protection	Electric motor current monitoring with safety cut-off				
Set Value Feedback	4/0-20mA or 2/0-10 VDC selectable, split range operation				
Valve Positioner Function	Integrated positioner, deadband adjustable from 0.5 to 5%, shutoff min				
Automatic Start-up	Recognizing the end position(s) and auto-scaling set and feedback values				
Internal Fault Monitoring	Torque, set value, temperature, power supply, positioning deviation, etc				
Diagnostic Function	Stores accumulated operation data (motor & total run time, number of starts) and data sets of current values (set value, feedback value, torque, temp, and error messages				
Communication Interface	USB interface with Software - enables parameter adjustments				
Cable Glands	2x M20x1.5 & 1x M16x1.5				

Model Code Configuration Chart

Models		Code	Size	Code	Connection Type	Actuator		Power	
HB HBR	Full Port Reduced Port	12 13 14 16 17	1/2" 3/4" 1" 11/2" 2"	N F150 F300	NPT 150# FLG 300# FLG	EFC EFO	Fail-Closed Fail-Open	24V 115V	24VAC/DC 115VAC

for MIXING & DIVERTING • Water & Other Liquids

Models	W910TB
Service	Water, Other Liquids
Sizes	1/2", 3/4", 1", 1 ¹ /4", 1 ¹ /2", 2", 2 ¹ /2", 3", 4"
Connections	Union Ends, 125# Flanged 250# Flanged (optional)
Body Material	1/2" – 2" Bronze 2 ¹ /2" – 4" Cast Iron
Seat Material	Stainless Steel
Max Inlet Pressure	250 PSIG

DESIGN PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE RATING - PMA/TMA

Union Ends 250 PSIG @ 450°F 125# FLG 125 PSIG @ 450°F

Typical Applications

W910TB 3-way Pneumatically-Actuated control valve can be used for mixing or diverting and are actuated by a 3-15 PSIG instrument air signal placed to the top of the actuator housing that will modulate the position of the valve.

3-way valves are used for mixing two flows together, or for diverting a flow to or around a device (bypass). In order to produce a consistent flow quantity for stable operation, the pressure drop across both flow paths (inlet to outlet) must be nearly equal. The sleeve type design is constructed with an O-ring around the sleeve. The O-ring is suitable for water or glycol type service, up to a maximum of 300°F. A higher temperature O-ring for use with other fluids, such as oil or for temperatures up to 410°F, is available. Consult factory.

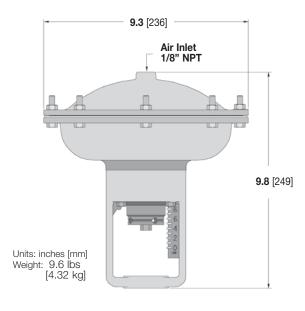
Principle of Operation

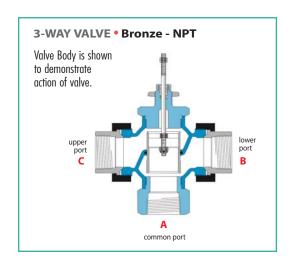
A control valve is comprised of an actuator mounted to a valve. The valve modulates flow through movement of a valve plug in relation to the port(s) located within the valve body. The valve plug is attached to a valve stem, which, in turn, is connected to the actuator. The pneumatic actuator directs the movement of the stem as dictated by the external control device.

W910TB Actuato	r Specifications
Actuator Housing	Die cast aluminum, epoxy powder coated blue finish.
Setting Scale	Integral to housing
Adjustment Screw	Brass
Spring	Cadmium plated
Pressure Plate	Aluminum
Diaphragm	Nylon reinforced EPDM
Air Pressure to Diaphragm	30 PSIG maximum
Air Connection	1/8 " NPT Female
Operating Temperature	Ambient:-40°F (-40°C) to 180°F (82°C) Process Flow:-40°F (-40°C) to 410°F (210°C)



NOT FOR USE WITH STEAM

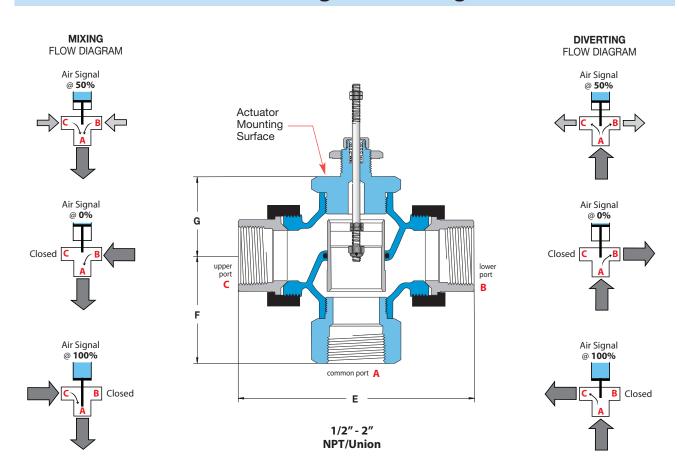




for MIXING & DIVERTING • Water & Other Liquids

3-Way • 1/2" - 2"

for Mixing or Diverting



CAUTION: 3-Way Valves are not designed for use in steam applications.

To properly control the mixing of two flows, inlet pressures at ports B and C should be as equal as possible.

Specifications

Body Material	Trim Material	Trim Style	Connection	Pressure & Temperature Rating
Bronze	Bronze	Modified Linear	NPT with Malleable Iron Union Ends	250 PSIG @ 300°F (149°C)

Valve Body Selection

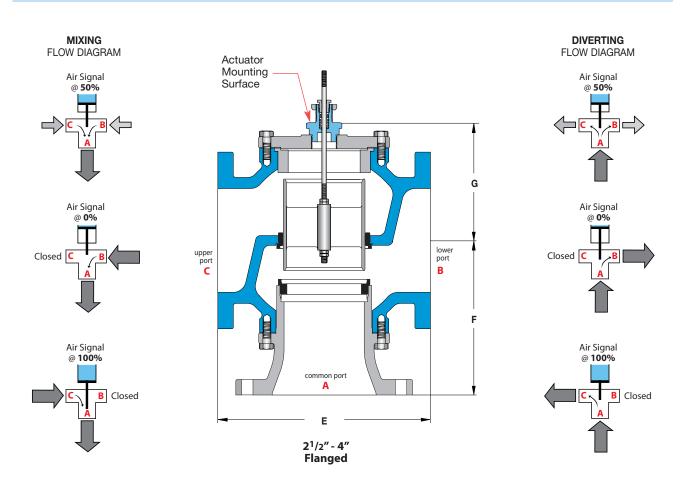
Mixing or D	Mixing or Diverting										
Valve Body Number	Actuator & Valve Model #	Size (NPT)	C _v	Maximum Close-Off Pressure (PSI△P)	Dimensions E F G		Approximate Shipping Wt.				
A18	W910TB-A18	1/2"	2.8	250	4.8 [122]	1.8 [46]	1.8 [46]	13 lbs [5.9 kg]			
A25	W910TB-A25	3/4"	5.6	250	5.6 [142]	2.3 [58]	2.3 [58]	15 lbs [6.8 kg]			
A34	W910TB-A34	1"	8.4	250	6.0 [152]	2.3 [58]	2.3 [58]	16 lbs [7.2 kg]			
A45	W910TB-A45	1 ¹ /4"	15	250	7.2 [183]	2.8 [71]	2.6 [66]	19 lbs [8.6 kg]			
A56	W910TB-A56	11/2"	21	250	7.7 [196]	3.5 [89]	2.6 [66]	21 lbs [9.5 kg]			
A67	W910TB-A67	2"	33	250	8.6 [218]	4.1 [104]	3.1 [79]	26 lbs [11.8 kg]			

All dimensions are inches [mm].

for MIXING & DIVERTING • Water & Other Liquids

3-Way • 21/2" - 4"

for Mixing or Diverting



CAUTION: 3-Way Valves are not designed for use in steam applications.

To properly control the mixing of two flows, inlet pressures at ports B and C should be as equal as possible.

Specifications

Body Material	Trim Material	Trim Style	Connection	Pressure & Temperature Rating
Cast Iron	Bronze	Modified Linear	125# Flanged	125 PSIG @ 300°F (149°C)

Valve Body Selection

Mixing or E	Mixing or Diverting										
Valve Body Number	Actuator & Valve Model #	Size (FLG)	Cv	Maximum Close-Off Pressure (PSI△P)			Approximate Shipping Wt.				
B75	W910TB-B75	21/2"	58	125	9.0 [229]	7.1 [180]	5.2 [132]	62 lbs [28 kg]			
B80	W910TB-B80	3"	72	125	10.0 [254]	8.0 [203]	6.0 [152]	80 lbs [36 kg]			
B85	W910TB-B85	4"	102	125	13.0 [330]	10.0 [254]	6.9 [175]	140 lbs [64 kg]			

All dimensions are inches [mm].



Capacity Charts

		_ 31E	eam (Ik	os/hr)				
Inlet Pressure	Outlet Pressure	ΔΡ	Reduced Port					
(PSIG)	(PSIG)	PSI	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	11/2"	2"
C _V Factors		ctors	3.5	5.0	6.5	10	22	42
Ori	fice Size	(in)	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	1.25	1.75
	4	1	48	68	89	136	300	573
5	0 -4	5 9	96 114	137 162	178 211	274 325	602 714	1149 1363
	- 4 -8	13	119	170	220	339	746	1424
	9	1	53	76	99	153	336	641
10	5	5	110	156	203	313	689	1315
	0 - 7	10 17	138 148	197 211	255 274	393 422	865 929	1651 1773
	10	5	122	174	226	348	765	1460
15	5	10	156	223	290	447	983	1876
	0 -5	15 20	172 177	246 252	320 328	492	1082 1110	2066 2119
	- 5 15	5	133	189	246	505 379	833	1591
20	10	10	173	247	321	494	1088	2076
	5 -3	15 23	194 205	277 293	361 381	555 587	1221 1291	2330 2464
	25	23 5	152	293	282	434	955	1822
30	15	15	232	331	431	663	1459	2785
00	5	25	260	371	482	742	1631	3115
	0 40	30	262 250	375 357	487 464	750 714	1649 1570	3149 2997
50	30	20	324	463	601	925	2035	3886
50	15	35	370	529	687	1057	2326	4440
	7	43	376	537	697	1073	2361	4507
	70 50	10 30	307 472	438 675	570 877	877 1350	1929 2970	3682 5670
80	30	50	534	763	992	1525	3356	6407
	17	63	544	777	1010	1554	3418	6526
	85 60	15 40	406 586	580 837	754 1089	1160 1675	2552 3684	4872 7034
100	40	60	643	918	1193	1836	4039	7710
	23	77	655	936	1217	1872	4119	7864
	110	15	452	645	839	1290	2838	5418
125	85 50	40 75	668 782	954 1117	1240 1452	1908 2233	4199 4913	8015 9380
	31	94	794	1135	1475	2270	4993	9532
	130	20	560	800	1040	1600	3519	6718
150	100 70	50 80	800 904	1143 1291	1485 1678	2285 2582	5027 5680	9598
	40	110	933	1333	1733	2666	5865	11196
	150	25	666	952	1237	1903	4187	7994
175	115 75	60 100	931 1052	1329 1503	1728 1953	2659 3005	5850 6612	11167 12622
	48	127	1072	1531	1990	3062	6736	12859
	175	25	713	1018	1324	2037	4481	8554
200	130 90	70 110	1061 1183	1515 1690	1970 2196	3031 3379	6668 7434	12730 14192
	56	144	1210	1729	2247	3457	7606	14521
	225	25	798	1140	1482	2281	5017	9578
250	170 120	80 130	1273 1443	1819 2062	2364 2680	3637 4124	8002 9072	15276 17319
	73	177	1443	2125	2762	4249	9348	17846
	270	30	951	1359	1766	2718	5979	11414
300	200 140	100 160	1535 1723	2193 2461	2850 3199	4385 4922	9648 10828	18418 20672
	89	211	1765	2521	3277	5042	11093	21177

CAPAC	CAPACITIES - Water (GPM)							
Inlet Pressure (PSIG)	Outlet Pressure (PSIG)	ΔP PSI	Reduced Port 1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 ¹ /2"	2"
	C _V F	actors	3.5	5.0	6.5	10	22	42
C	orifice Siz	e (in)	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	1.25	1.75
5	4	1	3.5	5.0	6.5	10	22	42
	0	5	7.8	11	15	22	49	94
	7	3	6.1	8.7	11	17	38	73
10	5	5	7.8	11	15	22	49	94
	0	10	11	16	21	32	70	133
	10	5	7.8	11	15	22	49	94
15	5	10	11	16	21	32	70	133
	0	15	14	20	26	39	86	165
	25	5	7.8	11	15	22	49	94
30	15	15	14	19	25	39	85	163
	7	23	17	24	31	48	106	203
	40	10	11	16	21	32	70	133
50	30	20	16	22	29	45	98	188
	16	34	20	29	38	58	128	244
	70	10	11	16	21	32	70	133
80	50	30	19	27	36	55	120	230
	30	50	25	35	46	70	155	296
	85	15	14	19	25	39	85	163
100	65	35	21	30	38	59	130	248
	40	60	27	39	50	78	171	326
	110	15	14	19	25	39	85	163
125	85	40	22	32	41	63	139	266
	52	73	30	43	56	86	188	360
	130	20	16	22	29	45	98	188
150	100	50	25	35	46	71	156	297
	63	87	33	47	60	93	205	391
	175	25	18	25	33	50	110	210
200	130	70	29	42	54	84	184	351
	87	113	37	53	69	106	234	446
	225	25	18	25	33	50	110	210
250	170	80	31	45	58	89	197	376
	111	139	41	59	77	118	260	495
	270	30	19	27	36	55	120	230
300	200	100	35	50	65	100	220	420
	134	166	45	64	84	129	283	540

Note: 1) Capacities based on 70°F water (SG = 1.00).
2) Capacities based on 100% of Cv.

Note: The Steam Capacity Chart is based on ISA Standard 75.01.01-2007 (60534-2-1 Mod). It assumes pipe sizes equal to the size of the valve ports, with no attached fittings.

W910TB • 3-Way Valve Body

Capacity Chart

for MIXING & DIVERTING • Water & Other Liquids

W910TB Mixing & Diverting (3-Way Valves)

3-WAY VALVES **CAPACITIES** – Water (GPM) Inlet pressures should be within 5% of each other. Specify if service is for other than water. Size, Body Number & Coefficient (Cv) 1" 3/4" 1/2" 21/2" 3" 4" **Pressure** A34 A45 A18 A25 **A56** A67 B75 **B80 B85** Drop $(PSI\triangle P)$ Cv = 102Cv = 2.8Cv = 5.6Cv = 8.4Cv = 15Cv = 21Cv = 33Cv = 58Cv = 722.8 5.6 8.4 4.8 6.3 8.9

Note: Oil service or high temperature service requires special O-ring.

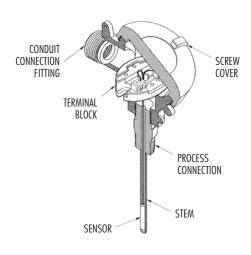


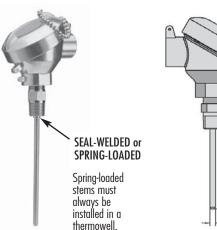
Introduction

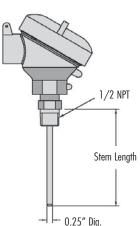
Understanding a Control Loop

Sensor for Temperature Control (Thermocouple or RTD)

Electronic Temperature Sensors are available with both Type J and Type K Thermocouples, as well as RTD sensors. A thermocouple (T/C) is made from two dissimilar metals that generate electrical voltage directly with changes in temperature. An RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) is a variable resistor that will change its electrical resistance in direct proportion to changes in temperature in a precise, repeatable and nearly linear manner. The weatherproof head provides a conduit connection and can be used to house a transmitter (optional). The stem is either welded directly to the 1/2" NPT threaded connection, or is spring-loaded.







Stem (Sheath)

All Thermocouples and RTDs are furnished with a 316 stainless steel stem, with the internal wiring packed in powdered ceramic. The screw head cover style is available in two stem types: welded and spring loaded. The welded stem is suitable for use in liquid applications. The spring-loaded stem is designed to bottom out inside a thermowell, providing maximum heat sensitivity. Spring-loaded stems are not pressure tight and may allow process media to escape; therefore, they must always be installed in a thermowell.

The insertion length (U) of a thermocouple or RTD represents its depth into the process vessel or thermowell. Thermocouples and RTDs are available in standard U-lengths from 2" to 24". Other lengths are available upon special order; consult factory.



TR890

Series Controller

The user-interface which allows adjustment of the set point and controls the electrical signals received from the sensor and outputted to the I/P Transducer. The TR893 is the most common controller model due to its larger, more user-friendly size.



Electropneumatic (I/P) Transducer

An electro-pneumatic transducer that converts an electrical signal (4-20 mA) from the Controller to an air signal (3-15 PSI) for supply to the top of the actuator of the control valve.



TA987

Air Filter/Regulator

This device is recommended for filtering and regulating the pressure of plant compressed air to the inlet of the I/P Transducer, which ensures the delivery of clean, dry air at the proper pressure to the pneumatic actuator.

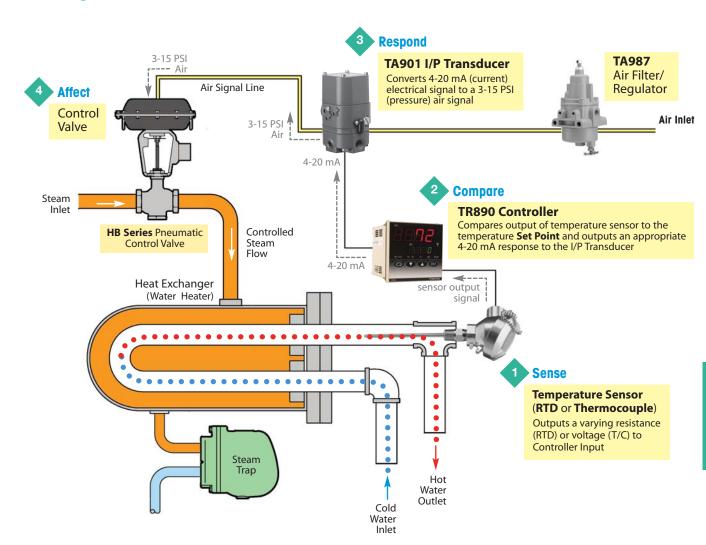


Control Loop

Introduction

Understanding a Control Loop

Heat Exchanger (Instantaneous Water Heater)



Control Loop

A control loop is a process management system designed to maintain a process variable at a desired set point. Each step in the loop works in conjunction with the others to manage the system. Once the set point has been established, the control loop operates using a four-step process.



Sense

Measure the current condition of the process using a sensor, which can be a thermocouple or RTD transmitter.



Compare

Evaluate the measurement of the current condition against the set point using an electronic PID controller.



Respond

Reacts to any error that may exist between the measured temperature value and the temperature set point by generating a corrective pneumatic signal.



Affect

Actuate the control valve that will produce a change in the process variable.

The loop continually cycles through the steps, affecting the process variable (water temperature) in order to maintain the desired temperature set point.



Introduction

Design and Operation of an Electronic PID Controller



Description

A controller is a comparative device that receives an input signal from a measured process variable, compares this value with that of a predetermined control point value (set point), and determines the appropriate amount of output signal required by the final control element to provide corrective action within a control loop.

Principle of Operation (Electronic PID Controller)

An electronic sensor (thermocouple, RTD or transmitter) installed at the measurement location continuously sends an input signal to the controller. At set intervals, the controller compares this signal to a predefined set point. If the input signal deviates from the set point, the controller sends a corrective electric output signal to the control element. This electric signal must be converted to a pneumatic signal when used with an air operated valve, such as a Watson McDaniel HB Series Control Valve. The conversion can be made using a Watson McDaniel TA901 I/P Transducer, which converts a 4 to 20 mA electric signal to a 3 to 15 PSI air signal. As an option, a Valve Positioner such as the Watson McDaniel CA2000 may be used to send an air signal to the Control Valve. These Positioners can be controlled with a 3-15 psi air signal from a Pneumatic Controller or a 4-20 mA signal from a PID Controller.

Features (Electronic PID Controller)

Watson McDaniel Electronic Controllers have full auto-tuning and PID capabilities, and offer a host of available options, including user selectable inputs, outputs and ranges.

PID Control is a feature of Watson McDaniel TR890 Electronic Controllers. PID combines the proportional, integral and derivative functions into a single unit.

- Proportional (P) Proportional control reacts to the size of the deviation from set point when sending a corrective signal. The size of the corrective signal can be adjusted in relation to the size of the error by changing the width of the proportional band. A narrow proportional band will cause a large corrective action in relation to a given amount of error, while a wider proportional band will a cause smaller corrective action in relation to the same amount of error.
- Integral (I) Integral control reacts to the length of time that the deviation from set point exists when sending a corrective signal. The longer the error exists, the greater the corrective signal.
- **Derivative (D)** Derivative control reacts to the speed in which the deviation is changing. The corrective signal will be proportional to the rate of change within the process.

Auto-Tuning will automatically select the optimum values for **P**, **I** and **D**, thus eliminating the need for the user to calculate and program these values at system startup. This feature can be overridden when so desired. On some models, the control element can be manually operated.



Design and Operation of an Electronic PID Controller

Selecting an Electronic PID Controller

When selecting a PID controller, the following parameters must be specified. (Refer to the TR890 Series Electronic PID Controller Specifications and Model Coding chart on the following two pages.)

1) Model (Case Size)

The Case Size selection is determined by both available and designed space, and controller features. Watson McDaniel Electronic Controllers are available in the following panel sizes:

TR891: 48 x 48 mm (1/16 DIN) **TR893**: 96 x 96 mm (1/4 DIN)

TR892: 72 x 72 mm **TR894**: 96 (H) x 48 (W) mm (1/8 DIN)

2) Input

The Input is the measurement signal received by the controller from the sensor. One of the following three input types can be specified for the controller: **8**: Universal, **4**: Current or **6**: Voltage. The Universal input type is switchable between Thermocouple, RTD and mV input signals.

If temperature will be measured with a thermocouple or RTD sensor, the **Universal** input type must be selected for the controller (Model Code **Position 2 = 8**). If another process variable such as PRESSURE is being measured, verify the type of output signal from that sensor. If it's 4-20 mA or 0-10 Volts then the Current or Voltage input option would be chosen, respectively.

3) Control Output

The Control Output is the corrective signal transmitted from the controller to the control device. One of the following four control output types can be specified for the controller: I: 4-20 mA DC, Y: On/Off Contact, P: Solid State Relay (SSR) Driver or V: 0-10 VDC.

The most common control devices are the TA901 Electro-pneumatic (I/P) Transducer and CA2000-Series Valve Positioner with built-in I/P transducer, both of which accept a 4-20 mA signal. For these devices, the 4-20 mA control output type must be selected for the controller (Model Code **Position 3 = I**). The TA901 or CA2000-Series output an air signal to the actuator of the Control Valve, which is the final control element of the feedback loop.

The On/Off Contact and SSR Driver control output types are typically used to switch on AC power to a load. If the SSR Driver control output is selected, an external solid state relay (SSR) is required and can be used for activating electrical equipment with larger current requirements.

4) Power Supply

The power supply requirement for the electronic controller must be specified. The available choices are: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 24 V AC/DC, 50/60Hz.

5) Event Output (Option)

The Event Output is used to signal an external device when an alarm condition is detected. Various alarm types can be detected by the controller. These include deviation of the measured value from the set value, the measured value exceeding absolute limits (i.e., high and low level alarm) and heater break/loop alarm (i.e., heater current outside of normal limits). If selected as an option, the controller will have two Event Outputs. In the case of a high/low alarm, one output is used for the high level alarm and the other for the low level alarm.

6) Options: Analog Output & Digital Input

The Analog Output is an optional secondary signal that transmits either the measured process value (PV), the target set value (SV) or the Control Output value from the controller to a remote data acquisition device, such as a recorder, personal computer or display unit. One of the following three analog output types can be specified for the controller: 0-10 mV DC, 4-20 mA DC or 0-10 V DC. The analog output type is independent of the measured input type or the control output type. However, the analog output type selection must be compatible with the data acquisition device input.

The Digital Input is an optional input that can be specified for the controller. The digital input functions as an On/Off switch and can be programmed to activate the Set Value Bias or Standby mode, or switch the Control Action type (i.e., to Reverse Acting or Direct Acting).

Note: The Analog Output and Digital Input combination is not available for Model TR891. Only one of these options can be selected for this model.

Features PID & Auto-tuning



•	Multiple Sizes
•	± 0.3% Accuracy
>	Keyboard Programmable
>	Reverse or Direct Acting
-	Manual Output Override

The **TR890 Series** Electronic PID Controller is designed for use on applications where large load changes are expected, or extreme accuracy and fast response times are needed. With full auto-tune capabilities and a large selection of available inputs, the TR890 Series is ideally suited for use with a Watson McDaniel Control Valve.

Use of a Watson McDaniel No. TA987 Air Filter/Regulator is recommended for filtering and regulating the pressure of plant compressed air, and for delivering clean, dry air at the proper pressure to pneumatic control devices.

Approximate Shipping Weights:

TR891: 0.4 lbs [0.17 kg] TR892: 0.6 lbs [0.28 kg] TR893: 0.7 lbs [0.33 kg] TR894: 0.5 lbs [0.24 kg]

Specifica	itions					
Models	TR891: 48 x 48 mm (1/16 DIN) TR892: 72 x 72 mm TR893: 96 x 96 mm (1/4 DIN) TR894: 96 x 48 mm (1/8 DIN)					
Control	Control Mode: Auto-Tuning PID Action: Reverse acting (field switchable to direct acting)					
Proportional Band	Off, 0.1-999.9% Full Scale Integral Time: Off, 1-6000 sec. Derivative Time: Off, 1-3600 sec.					
Accuracy	± 0.3%					
Display	Process Value: 4 Digit, 20 mm red LED Set Value: 4 digit, 10.2 mm green LED Sampling Cycle: 0.25 seconds					
Inputs	Universal: (switchable between) ➤ Thermocouple: B, R, S, K, E, J, T, N, PL II, WRe5-26 (U,L (DIN 43710)) ➤ RTD: Platinum 100 Ω, 3-Wire ➤ mV: (scalable) -10–10, 0-10, 0-20, 0-50, 10-50, 0-100 mV DC Current: (scalable) 4-20, 0-20 mA Voltage: -1–1, 0-1, 0-2, 0-5, 1-5, 0-10 VDC					
Control Output	Current: 4-20 mA (load resistance: 600 Ω maximum) Contact: Proportional cycle, 1-120 sec. (capacity: 240 VAC 2 A resistive / 1.2 A inductive) SSR Drive Voltage: Proportional cycle 1-120 sec. (output rating: 12 ± 1.5 VDC / 30 mA maximum) Voltage: 0-10 VDC Load Current 2 mA max					
Power Requirements	Supply Voltage: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 24 VAC/VDC 50/60 Hz Consumption: 100-240 VAC, 15VA 24 VDC, 8W 24 VAC, 9VA					
Data Storage	Nonvolatile EEPROM memory					
Case Material	Polyphenylene Oxide (PPO)					
Ambient Temp	. 14°F (-10°C) to 122°F (50°C)					
Humidity	Maximum: 90% RH, non-condensing					
	acity: 240 VAC, 1 A/resistive load) Dual Event Outputs (High and/or Low Alarms) Single Event Output + Heater Break Alarm (includes CT30A sensor) Single Event Output + Heater Break Alarm (includes CT50A sensor)					
Options:	Analog Output: 0-10 mV DC (output resistance 10 Ω)					

Analog Output: 4-20 mA DC (load resistance $300\,\Omega$ max) Analog Output: 0-10 VDC (load current 2 mA max)

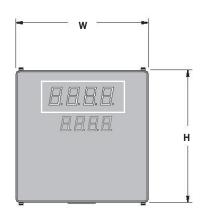
Operated by either non-voltage contact or open collector

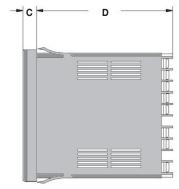
Set Value Bias setting range of -1999 - 5000, standby or DA/RA Selection

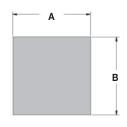
Digital Input (switch) including:

input rated at approx. 5V DC/1mA max.

Features PID & Auto-tuning







PANEL CUTOUT DIMENSIONS

HOW TO ORDER (Model Coding)

Sample Order	Number:	TR893	8	I 90	1	00	

1	2	3	4	5	6
Model	Input	Control Output	Power Supply	Event Output	Options
TR891 TR892 TR893 TR894	8 Universal 4 mA 6 VDC	I 4-20 mA Y On/Off Contact P SSR Driver V 0-10 VDC	90 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz 08 24 VAC/VDC, 50/60 Hz Event Outputs 2 or 3 require Control Outputs Y or P	 None Dual Event (high and/or low) Single Event (high or low) and heater break CT30A Single Event (high or low) and heater break CT50A 	 00 None 30 Analog Output (0-10 mVDC) 40 Analog Output (4-20 mA) 60 Analog Output (0-10 VDC) 08 Digital Input (switch) 38 Digital Input (switch) with 0-10 mVDC* Analog Output 48 Digital Input (switch) with 4-20 mA* Analog Output 68 Digital Input (switch) with 0-10 VDC* Analog Output

^{*}Not available with Model TR891

Electronic PID Controller Dimensions – units: inches [mm]

Model	A	В	C	D	Н	W
TR891	1.77 [45]	1.77 [45]	0.43 [11]	3.94 [100]	1.89 [48]	1.89 [48]
TR892	2.68 [68]	2.68 [68]	0.43 [11]	3.94 [100]	2.83 [72]	2.83 [72]
TR893	3.63 [92]	3.63 [92]	0.43 [11]	3.94 [100]	3.78 [96]	3.78 [96]
TR894	1.77 [45]	3.63 [92]	0.43 [11]	3.94 [100]	3.78 [96]	1.89 [48]

Programmable Ranges

Ther	Thermocouple Inputs			RTD Inputs				Current & Voltage Inputs		
T/C Type		nge Fahrenheit de Range	Range Code	e Celsius Range	Range Code	Fahrenheit Range	Range Code	Celsius Range	Range Code	Range (User-scalable Readout)
В*	1	0° to 3300°F	01	0° to 1800°C	47	-300° to 1100°F	31	-200° to 600°C	71	-10–10 mV
Е	2	0° to 1300°F	07	0° to 700°C	48	-150.0° to 200.0°F	32	-100.0° to 100.0°C	72	0-10 mV
J	22	0° to 1100°F	08	0° to 600°C	49	-150° to 600°F	33	-100.0° to 300.0°C	73	0-20 mV
K	18	-150° to 750°F	04	-100.0° to 400.0°C	50	-50.0° to 120.0°F	34	-50.0° to 50.0°C	74	0-50 mV
K	19	0° to 1500°F	05	0° to 800°C	51	0.0° to 120.0°F	35	0.0° to 50.0°C	75	10-50 mV
K	20	0° to 2200°F	06	0° to 1200°C	52	0.0° to 200.0°F	36	0.0° to 100.0°C	76	0-100 mV
L	28	0° to 1100°F	14	0° to 600°C	53	0.0° to 400.0°F	37	0.0° to 200.0°C	81	-1–1 V
N	24	0° to 2300°F	10	0° to 1300°C	54	0° to 1000°F	38	0.0° to 500.0°C	82	0-1 V
PL II	2	0° to 2300°F	11	0° to 1300°C					83	0-2 V
R	10	0° to 3100°F	02	0° to 1700°C					84	0-5 V
S	17	0° to 3100°F	03	0° to 1700°C					85	1-5 V
Т	23	-300° to 400°F	09	-199.9° to 200.0°C					86	0-10 V
U	24	-300° to 400°F	13	-199.9° to 200°C					94	0-20 mA
WRe5	-26 2 6	0° to 4200°F	12	0° to 2300°C					95	4-20 mA

Range Codes are not required for ordering, but are used for field programming.

*750°F (400°C) falls below the accuracy range

I/P Transducer

Electropneumatic



4 to 20 mA Input

3 to 15 PSI Output

Intrinsically Safe

Zero and Span **Adjustments**

The TA901 Electropneumatic (I/P) Transducer converts a milliamp current signal to a linearly proportional pneumatic output pressure. This transducer is designed for control applications that require a high degree of reliability and repeatability. The TA901 is used in the control operation of valve actuators and pneumatic valve positioners in the petrochemical, HVAC, energy management, textile, paper, and food & drug industries.

The TA901 I/P Transducer is tested and approved by Factory Mutual as Intrinsically Safe Class I, II and III, Division I, Groups C, D, E, F and G when installed in accordance with the Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions. It should be installed in a vertical position in a vibration-free area.

The Watson McDaniel TA987 Air Filter/Regulator is recommended for filtering and regulating the pressure of plant compressed air, and for delivering clean, dry air at the proper pressure to pneumatic control devices.

Specifications

Model

TA901

Input

4-20 mA

Output

1-17 PSIG Per ANSI/FCI 87-2 (can be calibrated to provide 1-9 PSIG or 9-17 PSIG)

Volume Booster

Built-in volume booster allows flow capacity up to 20 SCFM

Connections

Pneumatic: 1/4" NPT Electric: 1/2" NPT

Air Requirements

Clean, oil-free, dry air filtered to 40 microns

Minimum Supply Pressure:

Maximum Supply Pressure: 100 PSIG

Sensitivity: < ±0.1% of span per PSIG

Air Consumption: 0.03 SCFH typical

Flow Rate: 4.5 SCFM at 25 PSIG supply

Relief Capacity: 2.0 SCFM at 5 PSIG above 20 PSIG setpoint

Mounting

Pipe, panel or bracket in a vibration-free area. Field adjustment will be required if mounted in a nonvertical position.

Adjustment

Adjustable zero and span

Accuracy

Terminal Based Linearity: < ±0.75% of span

Repeatability: < 0.5% of span Hysteresis: < 1.0% of span

Response Time: < 0.25 sec. @ 3-15 PSIG

Intrinsic Safety

Tested and approved by Factory Mutual as Intrinsically Safe Class I, II and III, Division I, Groups C, D, E, F and G when installed in accordance with Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions

Ambient Temperature

-20°F (-30°C) to 140°F (60°C)

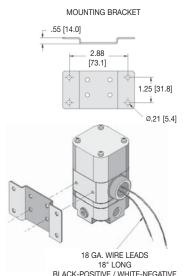
Approximate Shipping Weight

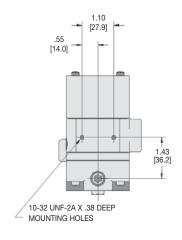
2.1 lbs [0.94 kg]

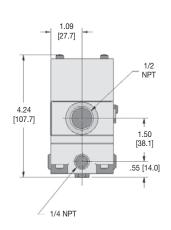
How to Order

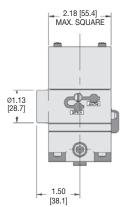
TA901

Order using Item Number:









Unit: inches [mm].

304



- Cast Aluminum Housing
- Removable Nylon Mesh Filter
- Low Air Consumption
- Drip Well

The **TA987 Air Filter/Regulator** is recommended for filtering and regulating the pressure of plant compressed air, and for delivering clean, dry air at the proper pressure to pneumatic control devices. Supply air enters the inlet port, passes through the filtering element, and exits through the reducing valve to the outlet port. The filtering element removes particles as small as 40 microns. A drip well is provided for the accumulation of oil and water and a drain cock is included to allow purging of the unit. The filtering element is readily accessible for cleaning by removal of the drip well bowl.

The maximum allowable supply pressure to TA987 Air Filter/Regulator is 250 PSIG. Improper application may cause failure of the regulator, resulting in possible personal injury or property damage.

Specifications

Model TA987

Air Requirements

Maximum Supply Pressure: 250 PSIG

Output Range:

0 to 30 PSIG, adjustable

Sensitivity: 0.036 PSIG

Air Consumption: < 6 SCFH

Air Requirements (con't.)

Flow Rate: 20 SCFM at 100 PSIG supply/20 PSIG output

Relief Capacity: 0.1 SCFM at 5 PSIG above setpoint

Effect of Supply Pressure Variation: < 0.2 PSIG for 25 PSIG

Filter

Removes particles 40 microns or greater

Port Size

1/4" NPT

Housing
Cast aluminum

Mounting

Side, pipe, panel or through body

Ambient Temperature

-20°F (-30°C) to 160°F (71°C)

Approximate Shipping Weight

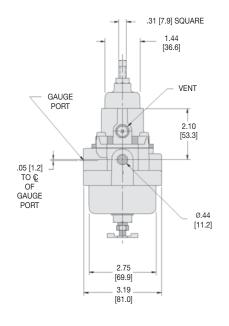
1.9 lbs [0.86 kg]

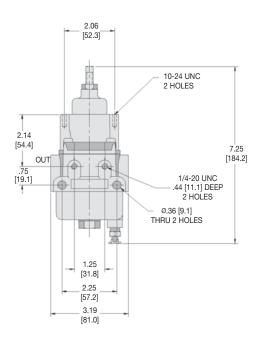
How to Order

Order using Item Number:

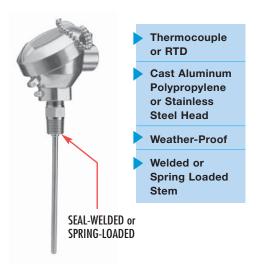
TA987

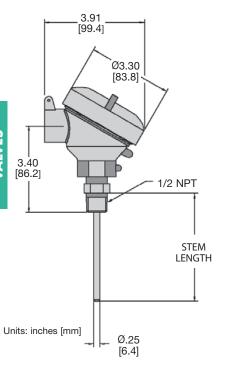
Units: inches [mm].





Connection Head Type





The Watson McDaniel **Connection Head** is available with both Type J and Type K Thermocouples, as well as RTD sensors. The weatherproof head provides a conduit connection and is available in cast aluminum (screw cover), polypropylene (flip cover) and stainless steel (screw cover). The stem is either welded directly to the 1/2" NPT threaded connection, or is spring-loaded to provide maximum sensitivity. The spring-loaded stem must always be installed in a thermowell.

Extension wire and transmitter accessories are also available. Please consult factory.

For applications where the process media may be corrosive or contained under pressure, the use of a thermowell is required to prevent damage to the sensor and facilitate its removal from the process. To prevent leakage of the process media, spring loaded sensors must always be installed in a thermowell.

Specifi	cations
Sensors	Description
TJD	Type J (Thermocouple)
TKD	Type K (Thermocouple)
TDD	100 Ω RTD
TMD	1000 Ω RTD
Hot Juncti	on
	T/C: Ungrounded
	RTD: Platinum, 3-Wire
Stem	316 stainless steel
	1/4" diameter
Insulation	Ceramic
Head	Cast aluminum, polypropylene or
	stainless steel
Process C	
	1/2" NPT welded or spring-loaded
Conduit C	onnection
	3/4" NPT Female

1.1 lbs [0.50 kg]

Specifications

Type	Color Code	Positive Lead	Negative Lead	Temperature Range
J	Black	Iron* (Fe) [white]	Constantan (Cu-Ni) [red]	32° to 1382°F (0° to 750°C)
K	Yellow	Nickel-Chromium (Ni-Cr) [yellow]	Nickel-Aluminum* (Ni-Al) [red]	32° to 2282°F (0° to 1250°C)

RTD

Туре	Material	Resistance @ 0°C	Temperature Coefficient	Temperature Range
D	Platinum (Pt)	100 Ω	$a = 0.00385 \Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$	-50° to 700°F (-45° to 400°C)
M	Platinum (Pt)	1000 Ω	$a = 0.00385 \Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$	-50° to 700°F (-45° to 400°C)

How to Order Temperature Sensors

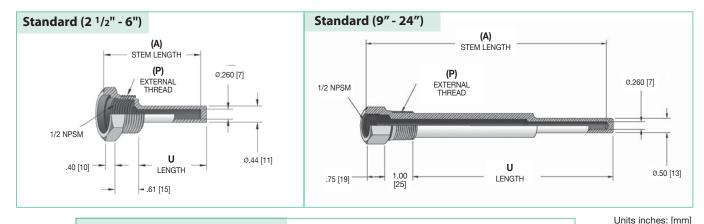
How to Order	de: TJD Z 04 U W A				
Sensor Type	Stem Style	Stem Length	Hot Junction	Connection	Head Material
TJD Type J (T/C)	Z 316SS, 1/4" O.D.	02 21/2" Stem	U Ungrounded (T/C)	S Spring Loaded,	A Aluminum
TKD Type K (T/C)		04 4" Stem	D 3-Wire (RTD)	1/2" NPT	P Polypropylene
TDD 100 Ω RTD		06 6" Stem		W Welded,	S Stainless Steel
TMD 1000 Ω RTD		09 9" Stem		1/2" NPT	
		12 12" Stem			

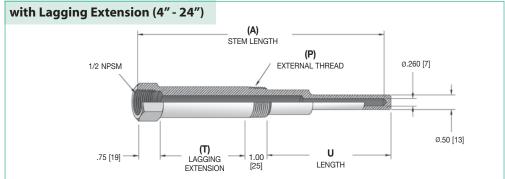
Other sensor styles available. T/C = Thermocouple

Other Lengths: Specify in inches (24" maximum)

A Thermowell is a pressure tight receptacle designed to accept a temperature sensing element and provide a means to insert that element into a vessel or pipe. It acts as a barrier between a process medium and the sensing element of a temperature measuring device and protects against corrosive process media. A thermowell also allows the sensing element to be removed from the application while maintaining a closed system. The material chosen must be compatible with the process medium to which it is exposed.

The U-length (insertion length) of a thermowell indicates its insertion depth into a process vessel or piping system and is measured from the tip of the thermowell to the underside of the threads. Lagging extension thermowells are used on applications where insulation covers the vessel or piping system. The extension length (T-length) is the measurement between the instrument connection and process connection of the thermowell.





Lenaths

(A)	Standard U	Lagging (T) U		
Stem Length	Length	Lagging Extension	Length	
2 ¹/₂"	1.75 [44]	_	_	
4"	2.50 [64]	1.00 [25]	1.50 [38]	
6"	4.50 [114]	2.00 [51]	2.50 [64]	
9"	7.50 [191]	3.00 [76]	4.50 [114]	
12"	10.50 [267]	3.00 [76]	7.50 [191]	
15"	13.50 [343]	3.00 [76]	10.50 [267]	
18"	16.50 [419]	3.00 [76]	13.50 [343]	
24"	22.50 [572]	3.00 [76]	19.50 [495]	

Pressure Ratings (PSI)

	Operating Temperature							
Material	70°F	200°F	400°F	600°F	800°F	1000°F		
Carbon steel	5000	5000	4800	4600	3500	-		
304 stainless steel	6550	6000	4860	4140	3510	3130		
316 stainless steel	6540	6400	6000	5270	5180	4660		

How to Order 76-Series Thermowells

How to Order 76-Series Thermowells Example Model Code: 76-4JN							
Thermowell Model	(P) External Thread	(A) Stem Length	(T) Lagging Extension	Material			
76 Thermowell	3 1/2 NPT* 4 3/4 NPT 5 1 NPT*	D 21/2" Stem G 4" Stem J 6" Stem M 9" Stem R 12" Stem V 15" Stem Wa 18" Stem	A 1" Extension (4" Stem only) C 2" Extension (6" Stem only) E 3" Extension (9" thru 24" Stem only) N No Extension	2 Brass 5 304SS 6 316SS			
		Wk 24" Stem					

^{*}Not available with 21/2" Stem Length

Other thermowell styles available. Please consult factory.